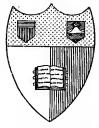


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THE OLD-SPELLING SHAKESPEARE: Being the Works of Shakespeare in the Spelling of the best Quarto and Folio Texts Edited by F. J. Furnivall and the late W. G. Boswell-Stone.



AS YOU LIKE IT

by

William Shakespeare

F. J. FURNIVALL, M.A., Ph.D., D.LITT.

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INTRODUCTION AND NOTES

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As You Like It

INTRODUCTION

DATE

As You Like It was first entered in the Stationers' Register on August 4, 1600, together with Much Ado, Henry V, and Ben Jonson's Every Man in his Humour. To all of them the curious note 'to be stayed' was attached, and it is difficult to understand the reason for this: three of these plays were printed within a few months of this entry, but As You Like It made its first appearance in the Folio of 1623. The entry, however, forms a later limit for the composition of As You Like It, while an earlier limit is suggested by the fact that it is not mentioned by Meres in his famous enumeration of Shakespeare's works in his Palladis Tamia of 1598. There are many passages in the play which have been thought to bear a topical significance: of these the most important is the famous allusion to Marlowe,

'Dead shepherd, now I find thy saw of might Whoever loved that loved not at first sight,'

in the fifth scene of the third act.

The second line of this couplet is a quotation from Marlowe's Hero and Leander which was printed in 1598. This goes to confirm the negative evidence supplied by Meres to fix 1598 as a lower limit. The reference to 'Diana in the fountain' has been thought to have been suggested by the erection of a statue of Diana in West Cheap in 1596: the description, however, is not an accurate one and this allusion cannot be accepted as proved when we consider how very frequently Diana was the figure chosen to ornament fountains in Elizabeth's time. Various editors have seen references to the statute prohibiting the use of

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oaths in plays, and to the penal laws against witchcraft which were drawn up in 1603 and 1605 respectively. These, again, are unsatisfactory, as the passages seem too general to be intended as conveying any distinct reference to particular laws: nor, indeed, would they prove anything as to the later date of the play even if they could be admitted. Nevertheless the *Hero and Leander* quotation, and the omission of mention by Meres together with the entry in the Stationers' Register combine to

settle the play's date within well-defined limits.

Turning to internal evidence the same conclusion is arrived at. Leaving aside the songs and the love-rhymes which Orlando indulged in, rhyme is comparatively scarce: double and light endings are by no means unusual: the diction is distinctly that of the second period where thought and expression are balanced. In fact, both the subject and treatment are in some ways akin to Much Ado about Nothing, and combined with the similar diction, and the simultaneous entry of the two plays in the Register, it is difficult to resist the conclusion that the two plays were written at no great distance of time apart from each other: it is perhaps 'to enquire too curiously' which preceded the other, but either the latter part of 1599 or the beginning of 1600 may be set down as the probable date of composition of As You Like It.

THE TEXT

No quarto edition of As You Like It exists: as has already been said the issue of one seems to have been contemplated, but the note 'to be stayed'—whatever its reasons may have been—appears to have been effective enough in this instance. The play first appeared in the Folio of 1623, where it is placed between the Merchant of Venice and the Taming of the Shrew. With practically one exception editors agree in regarding the text as unusually satisfactory in the famous edition of Heminge and Condell: and as this one exception produces nothing of any consequence to support his opinion, the reliability of the Folio version may be admitted. Such inaccuracies as 'Juno's swans,' the confusion between the statures of Rosalind and Celia, must be attributed rather to the author than the printer: while the ambiguity of time is merely an instance of a device which

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Shakespeare has freely availed himself of, namely, that of 'double time.'

Source

The plot of As You Like It is taken from Lodge's Rosalynde, which as its sub-title 'Euphues and his golden legacy' indicates, was written at a time when Euphuism was still rampant, and the name of the verbose hero was still a valuable asset. Pastoral sweetness and melodramatic action are blended together in this Rosader, on account of his excellent parts and his large possessions, is hated by his brother Saladyne; the latter persuades him to wrestle at the court, hoping he will be killed. comes off victor, however, and falls in love with Rosalynde. Returning home to his brother, he is subjected to many indignities, and eventually flies to the forest of Arden. Thither also have gone Rosalynde, disguised as a page, under the name of Ganymede, and Alinda, now known as Aliena, the daughter of the usurper who is in power, both having been banished. Rosader meets Ganymede, and there is much discussion between them on the subject of love. He is persuaded to undergo a mock-marriage with her, and eventually all is revealed and is consummated in their marriage. Saladyne comes to the forest. exiled by the usurper, falls in love with and marries Aliena, after having been rescued from a lion by his brother and repented. A shepherd, Montanus, is in love with a shepherdess, Phœbe, who disdains him, but falls in love with Ganymede, and finding out the personality of the latter, marries her devoted admirer.

The true king is also in the forest, and happily witnesses the marriage of Rosader and Rosalynde: after which an army of the usurper comes to attack him, but is repulsed by his noble friends, and the king enjoys his own again.

Here then is the outline of all the various stories that combine to form the plot of As You Like It.

The characters of Jacques, Touchstone, William and Audrey are Shakespeare's independent creations. There are also several differences between novel and play, of which the following may be mentioned.

(1) In the play, Orlando is hated by his brother for his excel-

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lence and manliness, while in the novel, greed is made to

play a stronger part.

(2) In the novel, Rosader is congratulated by the usurper on his success, and there is no marring note as there is in the play. He proceeds home with many boon companions, and resides there some time before proceeding to Arden.

(3) In the novel Alinda is banished by her father; in the

play she voluntarily accompanies her friend.

(4) The treatment of the forest scenes is almost radically different. In the play anything that may mar the pastoral harmony is dismissed; thus the attack of robbers on Aliena and Ganymede is not alluded to: while the fight at the end is avoided by the sudden repentance of the usurping duke. In the love-scenes between Orlando and Rosalynde, wit and humour, with an undercurrent of tenderness, are the prevailing note: in the novel these scenes are abundantly strewed with eclogues, and the conversation is of an entirely artificial turn, elaborate in simile with but little humour. In the play, the courtship of Oliver and Celia is rapidly passed over: in the novel it is given at much greater length.

For a more detailed comparison of the source and play, as well as for the text itself of Lodge's Rosalynde, the reader must be referred to Mr. W. W. Greg's edition in the 'Shakespeare Classics.'

As You Like It is essentially one of the 'joyous comedies' which may be grouped with Much Ado and Twelfth Night. It is, in fact, the one to which this application is specially fit. In both of the other two plays of the group, sadness and even despair reigns at least for a time. In As You Like It, the forest of Arden seems magically to dispel the thoughts of adversity and misfortune, and a cheerful optimism, which cheerily rises above hardship and injustice, is the key-note of the play. The leading characters require no comment: Rosalind's only fault is that the prominence afforded her by the poet causes Celia to be dwarfed; a fact which readers who have been led to take a lively interest in her in the early part of the play can only regret. Her marriage with Oliver is one of the worst instances in Shakespeare of an artificial and conventional completion of a portrait which has been begun with so much promise. Jacques is an original

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conception of the poet: he cannot be said to be a very pleasing The famous 'seven ages' speech is justly admired; but it is rather for the language than the sentiments that this admiration is justified. Jacques is full of cheap cynical philosophy, which he is wholly unable to maintain when he meets with any one 'disputable': he perhaps approximates to the type of railer familiar to readers of early Jonsonian comedy. In the play he forms a useful foil to the manly cheerfulness of Orlando, and the happy contentedness of Rosalind, and each of these easily succeeds in putting him down, while he is a capital vehicle for the poet to express some good-natured satire on some of the foibles of the Elizabethan gallant. Touchstone is, perhaps, the first line of demarcation in the various stages of Shakespeare's clowns which may be traced in the change from Launcelot Speed to the sorrowful fool of King Lear: his devotion to his mistress endears us to him, while his fooling of the shepherd, and his famous divisions of the lie are genuinely humorous, and do more than make only the groundlings laugh.

PERSONS REPRESENTED.1

[The References are to 1st Speeches in each Scene. When an Actor is mute, the Scene in which he appears is given.]

Duke Senier, !!ulng In ban!shment, II.i.1, p. 17; vii.1, p. 28; V.iv.1, p. 73.

Dake FREDERICK, his brother, and usurper of his dominions, I.ii.136, p. 9; II. ii.1, p. 19; III.i.1, p. 34.

AMYENS (or AMIENS), II.i.18, p. 17; v.1, p. 25; vii. 173, p. 33; as a Mute, V.iv. p. 73.

Lords attending on the banished Duke.

IAQUES, II.v.9, p. 25; vii.12, p. 28; III.ii.241, p. 41; iii.7, p. 46; IV.i.1, p. 54; ii.1, p. 60; V.iv.35, p. 74.

attending on the

1st Lord, II.i.25, p. x8; vii.3, p. 28; 2nd Lord, II.i.65, p. x9; A Lord, IV.ii.2, p. 60.

1st Page, V.iii.6, p. 71; 2nd Page, V.iii.8, p. 71.

LE BEU, a Courtier attending upon FREDERICK, I.ii.go, p. 8.

1st Lord, attending on PREDERICK, II.ii.4, p. 19; 2nd Lord, of like estats, II. ii.8, p. 19.

CHARLES, Duke FREDERICKS Wrastler, I.i. 87, p. 3; ii. 183, p. 10.

OLIUER, I.i.27, p. 2; III.i.13, p. 34; IV.iii. 75, p. 63; V.ii.5, p. 68.

IAQUES, V.iv. 144, p. 77.

Sons of Sir ROW-LAND de BOYS.

ORLANDO, I.i.z, p. z; ii.z53, p. 9; II.lii.z, p. 20; vi.4, p. 27; vii.88, p. 30: III.lii.z, p. 34; IV.i.27, p. 55; V.ii.z, p. 68; iv.3, p. 73.

ADAM, 1.i.24, p. r; II.iii.2, p. 20; vi.r, p. 27; vii. 168, p. 33.

DENNIS, Li.80, p. 3.

Seruants to OLIUER.

p. 35; iii.1, p. 46; V.i.1, p. 66; iii.1, p. 71; iv.38, p. 74-

Sir OLIUER MAR-TEXT, a Viear, III.iii.60, p. 47.

CORIN, an old man, II.iv.19, p. 23; III.ii.11, p. 35; iv.42, p. 50; V.i.57, p. 67; as a Mute, III.v. p. 50.

50; V.i. 57, p. 67; as a Mute, III.v. p. 50.

SILUIUS, α yong man, In love with PHEBE, II.iv.20, p. 23;

III.v.1, p. 50; IV.iü.6, p. 61; V.iü.78, p. 70; iv.17, p. 73.

Shepheards.

WILLIAM, a country Clowne, in love with AUDREY, V.1.13, p. 66.

An Actor, presenting HYMEN, V.iv. 10x, p. 76.

A Clowns or Motley, named TOUCHSTONE, I.ii.53, p. 7; II.iv.2, p. 22; III.ii.12,

¹ The heading of the Dramatis Persona in How a Man may choose a good Wife from a bad.—Hazlitt's Dodsley, ix. 4.

Persons Represented.

- ROSALIND (or ROSALINE), daughter to the banished Duke, I.ii.2, p. 5; iii.3, p. 13: for GANIMED, II.iv.1, p. 22; III.ii.81, p. 37; iv.1, p. 48; v. 35, p. 51; IV.i.3, p. 54; iii.1, p. 61; V.ii.17, p. 68; iv.5, p. 73.
- CELIA, daughter to FREDERICK, I.ii.r, p. 5; iii.r, p. 13: for ALIENA, II.iv.8, p. 22; III.ii.r18, p. 38; iv.2, p. 48; IV.i.60, p. 56; iii.3, p. 61: as a Mute, III.v. p. 50; V.iv. p. 76.
- PHEBE, a Shepherdesse, beloued by SILUIUS, III.v.8, p. 50; V.ii.78, p. 70; iv.12, p. 73.
- AUDREY (or AWDRIE), α country Wench, 111.iii. 4, p. 46; V.i. 3, p. 66; αs α Mute, V.iv. p. 74.
- The Scenes supposed. Olivers orchard, I.i. pp. x-5: Before Olivers house, II.iii. pp. 20-22: Before Duke Fredericks palace, 1.ii. pp. 5-x3: Duke Fredericks palace, I.iii. pp. x3-x7; II.ii. pp. x9, 20; III.i p. 34: The forrest of Arden, II.i. pp. x7-x9; iv—vii. pp. 22-33; III.ii.—V.iv. pp. 34-78.
- The Time 1 embraced by the Play cannot be ascertained, the Interim between scenes II. and iiI., in Act III., being of indefinite duration. 10 Days are represented on the Stage, and 3 Interims elapse.
- Day 1, 1.i. pp. 1-5: Day 2, 1.ii,iii. pp. 5-17; II.i. pp. 17-19: Day 3, II.ii,iii. pp. 19-22: Interim of a few daye: Day 4, II.iv. pp. 22-25: Day 5, II.v.vi.vii.; III.i. pp. 25-34: Interim of a few daye: Day 6, III.ii. pp. 34-45: Interim: Day 7, III.ii. pp. 46-48: Day 8, III.iv.v.; IV.; V.i. pp. 48-67: Day 9, V.ii,iii. pp. 68-72: Day 10, V.iv. pp. 73-78.

NOTICE

In the Text, black type (Clarendon or Sans-serif) is used for all emendations and insertions.

In the Notes 'F' means the First Folio of 1623, from which the text is edited. F2, the Second Folio of 1632 (whose emendations are not treated as Shakspere's).

 \P in the Text, means that the speaker turns and speaks to a fresh person.

Words having now a different stress to the Elizabethan, are generally accented, for the reader's convenience, as 'exile,' &c. When -ed final is pronounst as a separate syllable, the e is printed ē.

¹ We throw sc. iii. Act II., and sc. i. Act III. into Days 3 and 5 respectively, because the distance between the Duke's palace and Oliver's house may have been too great to allow Orlando to reach home before Day 3, the day after the wrestling match, and for Oliver-sent for on Day 3-to arrive at the court before Day 5. Mr. Daniel bracketed these scenes under Days 2 and 3 respectively, as being out of place. For the rest, we follow his Time-Analysis in the New Sh. Soc. s Transactions, 1877-79, pp. 156—162.

As You Like It

[From the First Folio of 1623.]

Actus Primus. Scoena Prima.

OLIUERS Orchard.

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.

Oriando.

S I remember, Adam, it was vpon this fashion: My Father bequeathed me by will but poore a thousand Crownes; and, as thou faift, charged my brother, on his bleffing, to breed mee well: and there begins [4 My brother laques, he keepes at ichoole, my fadnesse. and report speakes goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keepes me ruftically at home, or (to fpeak more properly) staies me heere at home vnkept; for call you that 'keeping' [8 for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the stalling of an Oxe? His horses are bred better; for, besides that they are faire with their feeding, they are taught their mannage, and, to that end, Riders deerely hir'd: but I (his [12] brother) gaine nothing vnder him but growth, for the which his Animals on his dunghils are as much bound to him as I. Besides this nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the something that Nature gaue mee, his countenance feemes to [16 take from me: hee lets mee feede with his Hindes, barres mee the place of a brother, and, as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieues me; and the spirit of my Father, which I [20 thinke is within mee, begins to mutinie against this seruitude. I will no longer endure it, though yet I know no wife remedy how to auoid it.

Adam, Yonder comes my Master, your brother. Orlan. Goe a-part, Adam, and thou shalt heare how he will shake me vp! [ADAM draws back.

^{1, 2.} fashion: My Father] fashion; my father Heath conj. fashion F.

Enter OLIUER.

Oli. Now, Sir! what make you heere?

Orl. Nothing: I am not taught to 'make' any thing. 28

Oli. What mar you then, fir?

Orl. Marry, fir, I am helping you to 'mar' that which God made, a poore vnworthy brother of yours, with idlenesse.

Oliver. Marry, fir, be better employed, and be naught a

while!

Orlan. Shall I keepe your hogs, and eat huskes with them? What prodigall portion haue I fpent, that I should come to such penury?

Oli. Know you where you are, fir?

Orl. O, fir, very well: heere in your Orchard.

Oli. Know you before whom, fir?

Orl. I, better then him I am before knowes mee. I [40 know you are my eldeft brother; and, in the gentle condition of bloud, you should so know me. The courtesse of nations allowes you my better, in that you are the first borne; but the same tradition takes not away my bloud, were there [44 twenty brothers betwixt vs: I have as much of my Father in mee as you; albeit, I confesse, your comming before me is neerer to his reverence.

Oli. What, Boy!

48

Orl. Come, come, elder brother! you are too yong in this.

Oli. Wilt thou lay hands on me, villaine?

[ORL. seizes him by the throat.

Orl. I am no villaine: I am the yongest sonne of Sir Rowland de Boys; he was my Father; and he is thrice a [52 villaine that saies such a Father begot villaines! Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, till this other had puld out thy tongue for saying so: thou hast raild on thy selfe.

Adam. [coming forward] Sweet Masters, bee patient! for

your Fathers remembrance, be at accord!

Oli. Let me goe, I fay!

Orl. I will not, till I please: you shall heare mee! [60 My Father charg'd you in his will to give me good education:

you have train'd me like a pezant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities. The spirit of my father growes strong in mee, and I will no longer endure it: [64 therefore allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or give mee the poore allottery my father lest me by testament! With that I will goe buy my fortunes.

Oli. And what wilt thou do? beg, when that is fpent? [68 Well, fir, get you in! I will not long be troubled with you; you shall have some part of your will: I pray you, leave me!

Orl. I will no further offend you then becomes mee for my good.

Oli. [to ADAM] Get you with him, you olde dogge!

Adam. Is 'old dogge' my reward? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your service. God be with my olde master! he would not have spoke such a word. [Ex. Obl. and Ad. 76]

Oli. Is it euen so? Begin you to grow vpon me? I will physicke your ranckenesse, and yet giue no thousand crownes neyther. Holla, Dennis!

Enter DENNIS.

Den. Calls your worship? 80 Oli. Was not Charles, the Dukes Wrastler, heere to speake with me?

Den. So please you, he is heere at the doore, and importunes accesse to you.

Oli. Call him in! [Exit DENNIS.] 'Twill be a good way; and to morrow the wraftling is.

Enter CHARLES.

Cha. Good morrow to your worship! 87
Oli. Good Mounsier Charles, what's the new newes at the new Court?

Charles. There's no newes at the Court, Sir, but the olde newes: that is, the old Duke is banished by his yonger brother the new Duke; and three or four louing Lords [92 haue put themselues into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and reuenues enrich the new Duke; therefore he giues them good leaue to wander.

Oli. Can you tell if Rofalind, the Dukes daughter, bee banished with her Father?

Cha. O, no! for the Dukes daughter, her Cosen, so loues her, (being euer from their Cradles bred together,) that shee would haue followed her exile, or hane died to stay behind her. She is at the Court, and no lesse beloued of her Vncle [101 then his owne daughter; and neuer two Ladies loued as they doe.

Oli. Where will the old Duke liue?

Cha. They fay hee is already in the Forrest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they liue like [106 the old Robin Hood of England: they say many yong Gentlemen slocke to him every day, and sleet the time carelessy, as they did in the golden world.

Oli. What, you wraftle to morrow before the new Duke?

Cha. Marry, doe I, fir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am giuen, fir, fecretly to vnderstand, that your yonger brother, Orlando, hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against mee to try a fall. To morrow, fir, I [114 wraftle for my credit; and hee that escapes me without some broken limbe, shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender; and, for your loue, I would bee loth to foyle him, as I must, for my owne honour, if hee [118 come in: therefore, out of my loue to you, I came hither to acquaint you withall; that either you might stay him from his intendment, or brooke such disgrace well as he shall runne into; in that it is a thing of his owne search, and altogether against my will.

Oli. Charles, I thanke thee for thy loue to me, which thou shalt finde I will most kindly requite. I had my selfe notice of my Brothers purpose heerein, and haue by vnder-hand [126] meanes laboured to dissuade him from it; but he is resolute. Ile tell thee, Charles: it is the stubbornest yong fellow of France; full of ambition, an ennious emulator of enery mans good parts, a secret & villanous contriuer against mee [130] his naturall brother: therefore vse thy discretion; I had as liese thou didst breake his necke as his singer! And thou wert best looke to't; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace, or if hee doe not mightilie grace himselfe on thee, hee [134] will practise against thee by poyson, entrap thee by some

treacherous deuise, and neuer leane thee till he hath tane thy life by some indirect meanes or other; for, I assure thee, (and almost with teares I speake it,) there is not one so young, [138 and so villanous, this day living! I speake but brotherly of him; but should I anathomize him to thee, as hee is, I must blush, and weepe, and thou must looke pale and wonder. 141

Cha. I am heartily glad I came hither to you. If hee come to morrow, Ile giue him his payment! if euer hee goe alone againe, Ile neuer wrastle for prize more: and so, God keepe your worship!

[Exit. 145]

Oli. Farewell, good Charles! Now will I stirre this Gamester! I hope I shall see an end of him; for my soule (yet I know not why) hates nothing more then he. Yet hee's gentle; neuer school'd, and yet learned; full of noble deuise; of all sorts enchantingly beloned; and, indeed, so much in the [150 heart of the world, and especially of my owne people, who best know him, that I am altogether misprised! But it shall not be so long! this wrastler shall cleare all! Nothing remaines but that I kindle the boy thither; which now Ile goe about.

[Exit.

Actus Primus. Scæna Secunda Lawn before the Dukes Palace.

Enter ROSALIND, and CELLIA.

Cel. I pray thee, Rosalind, sweet my Coz, he merry! I Ros. Deere Cellia, I show more mirth then I am mistresse of; and would you yet I were merrier? Vnlesse you could teach me to forget a banished father, you must not learne mee how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

Cel. Heerein I see thou lou'ft mee not with the full waight that I loue thee. If my Vncle, thy banished father, had banished thy Vncle, the Duke my Father, so thou hadst [8 beene still with mee, I could have taught my loue to take thy father for mine: so wouldst thou, if the truth of thy loue to me were so righteously temper'd as mine is to thee. II

Rof. Well, I will forget the condition of my estate, to

reiovce in yours.

Cel. You know my Father hath no childe but I, nor none is like to haue: and, truely, when he dies, thou shalt be his heire; for what hee hath taken away from thy father [16 perforce, I will render thee againe in affection: by mine honor, I will! and, when I breake that oath, let mee turne monster! therefore, my fweet Rose, my deare Rose, be merry!

Rof. From henceforth I will, Coz; and deuise sports.

Let me see: what thinke you of falling in Loue?

Cel. Marry, I prethee, doe, to make fport withall: but loue no man in good earnest; nor no further in sport neyther, then (with fafety of a pure blush) thou maist in honor come off againe. 26

Rof. What shall be our sport, then?

Cel. Let vs fit and mocke the good houfwife, Fortune, from her wheele, that her gifts may henceforth bee bestowed equally.

Rof. I would wee could doe fo; for her benefits are mightily misplaced; and the bountifull blinde woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women.

Cel. 'Tis true; for those that she makes faire, she scarce makes honest; & those that she makes honest, she makes very illfauouredly.

Rof. Nay, now thou goest from Fortunes office to Natures: Fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of Nature. 39

Enter Clowne (TOUCHSTONE).

Cel. No? when Nature hath made a faire creature, may the not by Fortune fall into the fire? Though Nature hath ginen vs wit to flout at Fortune, hath not Fortune fent in this foole to cut off the argument?

Ros. Indeed, there is Fortune too hard for Nature, when Fortune makes Natures naturall the cutter off of Natures witte.

Cel. Peraduenture this is not Fortunes work neither, but Natures, who perceiveth our naturall wits too dull to reason I. ii. 12-48.7 6

of fuch goddeffes, and hath fent this Naturall for our whetftone; for alwaies the dulneffe of the foole is the whetftone of the wits. ¶ How now, Witte! whether wander you?

Clow. Mistresse, you must come away to your father.

Cel. Were you made the meffenger?

Clo. No, by mine honor! but I was hid to come for you.

Rof. Where learned you that oath, foole?

Clo. Of a certaine Knight, that fwore by his Honour they were good Pan-cakes, and fwore by his Honor the Mustard was naught: Now, Ile stand to it, the Pancakes were naught, and the Mustard was good; and yet was not the Knight forsworne.

Cel. How proue you that, in the great heape of your

knowledge?

Rof. I, marry, now vnmuzzle your wisedome!

Clo. Stand you both forth, now: stroke your chinnes, and sweare by your beards that I am a knaue!

Cel. By our heards (if we had them) thou art.

Clo. By my knauerie (if I had it) then I were; but if you sweare by that that is not, you are not forsworn: no more was this knight, swearing by his Honor, for he neuer had anie; or, if he had, he had sworne it away before euer he saw those Pancakes, or that Mustard.

Cel. Prethee, who is't that thou means't?

Clo. One that old Fredericke, your Father, loues.

Cel. My Fathers loue is enough to honor him: enough! speake no more of him! you'l be whipt for taxation one of these daies.

Clo. The more pittie, that fooles may not speak wisely,

what Wisemen do foolishly.

Cel. By my troth, thou faiest true; for, since the little wit that fooles have was silenced, the little foolerie that wise men have makes a great shew. Heere comes Monsieur the Beu!

Rof. With his mouth full of newes.

Cel. Which he vvill put on vs, as Pigeons feed their young.

49. and] Malone.
75. Cel.] Theobald. Ros. F.

53. father] farher F.

So F. Le Beu F2.

7 [I. ii. 49-86.

Rof. Then shal we be newes-cram'd.

Cel. All the better; we shalbe the more Marketable.

88

96

Enter LE BEAU.

¶ Bon-iour, Monsieur le Beu! what's the newes?

Le Beu. Faire Princesse, you have lost much good sport.

Cel. 'Sport'! of what colour?

Le Beu. 'What colour,' Madame! How shall I aunswer you?

Rof. As wit and Fortune will.

Clo. Or as the Destinies decrees.

Cel. Well faid! that was laid on with a trowell.

Clo. Nay, if I keepe not my ranke, . . .

Rof. Thou loofest thy old smell.

Le Beu. You amaze me, Ladies! I would have told you of good wraftling, which you have loft the fight of. 100

Rof. Yet tell vs the manner of the Wrastling.

Le Beu. I will tell you the beginning; and, if it please your Ladiships, you may see the end; for the best is yet to doe; and heere, where you are, they are comming to performe it.

Cel. Well, 'the beginning,' that is dead and buried.

Le Beu. There comes an old man, and his three fons, . . . Cel. I could match this 'beginning' with an old tale. ro8

Le Beu. Three proper yong men, of excellent growth and prefence.

Rof. With bils on their neckes: 'Be it knowne vnto all

men by these presents.'

Le Beu. The eldest of the three wrastled with Charles the Dukes Wrastler; which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribbes, that there is little hope of life in him: So he seru'd the second, and so the third. Yonder [116 they lie; the poore old man, their Father, making such pittiful dole ouer them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Rof. Alas!

Clo. But what is the 'fport,' Monsieur, that the Ladies have lost?

^{88.} Enter Le Beau.] F (after 1. 83). 89. Bon-iour] Boon-iour F.

Le Beu. Why, this that I speake of.

Clo. Thus men may grow wiser euery day! It is the first time that euer I heard breaking of ribbes was 'sport' for Ladies.

Cel. Or I, I promise thee.

Rof. But is there any else longs to see this broken Musicke in his fides? Is there yet another doates upon rib-breaking? ¶ Shall we see this wrastling, Cosin?

Le Beu. You must, if you stay heere; for heere is the place appointed for the wrastling, and they are ready to performe it.

Cel. Yonder, fure, they are comming. Let vs now stay and see it!

Flourish. Enter Duke FREDERICK, Lords, ORLANDO, CHARLES, and Attendants.

Duke F. Come on! fince the youth will not be intreated, his owne perill on his forwardnesse!

Rof. Is yonder the man?

Le Beu. Euen he, Madam.

Cel. Alas, he is too yong! yet he looks fucceffefully.

Du. F. How now, daughter, and Coufin! are you crept hither to fee the wraftling?

Rof. I, my Liege, so please you give vs leave. 143

Du. F. You wil take little delight in it, I can tell you; there is fuch oddes in the man. In pitie of the challengers youth, I would faine diffwade him, but he will not bee entreated. Speake to him, Ladies! fee if you can moone him.

Cel. Call him hether, good Monfieur Le Beu!

Duke F. Do fo! Ile not be by. [Duke goes apart. Le Beu. Monfieur the Challenger, the Princesse cals for you!

Orl. I attend them with all respect and dutie.

Ros. Young man, haue you challeng'd Charles the Wrastler? Orl. No, faire Princesse; he is the generall challenger: I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

139

Cel. Yong Gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your yeares. You have feene cruell proofe of this mans strength: if you faw your felfe with your eies, or knew your felfe with your iudgment, the feare of your adventure would counsel you to a more equall enterprife. We pray you, for [162 your owne fake, to embrace your own fafetie, and give ouer this attempt.

Rof. Do, your Sir! your reputation shall not therefore be misprised: we wil make it our suite to the Duke, that the 167

wrastling might not go forward.

Orl. I beseech you, punish mee not with your harde thoughts; wherein I confesse me much guiltie, to denie so faire and excellent Ladies anie thing. But let your faire [170 eies, and gentle wishes, go with mee to my triall; wherein if I bee foil'd, there is but one sham'd that vyas neuer gracious; if kil'd, but one dead that is willing to be fo: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament [174 me; the world no injurie, for in it I have nothing; onely in the world I fil vp a place, which may bee better supplied when I have made it emptie.

Rof. The little strength that I have, I would it were with

Cel. And mine, to eeke out hers!

Rof. Fare you well: praie heauen I be deceiu'd in you!

Cel. Your hearts defires be with you!

Char. Come, where is this yong gallant that is fo defirous to lie with his mother earth?

Orl. Readie, Sir; but his will hath in it a more modest working. 186

Duk. F. You shall trie but one fall.

Cha. No, I warrant your Grace, you shall not entreat him to a fecond, that have so mightilie perswaded him from a first.

Orl. You meane to mocke me after: you should not have mockt me before: but come your waies!

Rof. Now Hercules be thy speede, your man!

Cel. I would I were inuifible, to catch the strong fellow by the legge! [Wrastle. 194

Rof. Oh excellent yong man!

Cel. If I had a thunderbolt in mine eie, I can tell who should downe. [CHARLES is thrown. Shout.

Duk. F. No more, no more! Orl. Yes, I befeech your Grace: I am not yet well breath'd.
Duk. F. How do'ft thou, Charles? Le Beu. He cannot speake, my Lord. Duk. F. Beare him awaie! [CHARLES is borne out. ¶ What is thy name, yong man?
Orl. Orlando, my Liege; the yongest sonne of Sir Roland
de Boys.
Duk. F. I would thou hadft beene fon to fome man elie:
The world efteem'd thy Father honourable,
But I did finde him still mine enemie:
Thou should'ft haue better pleas'd me with this deede,
Hadft thou descended from another house. 209
But fare thee well; thou art a gallant youth:
I would thou had'ft told me of another Father!
[Exeunt Duke Fred., Train, and LE BEAU.
Cel. Were I my Father, (Coze,) would I do this?
(Orl. I am more proud to be Sir Rolands fonne, 213
His yongest sonne; and would not change that calling,
To be adopted heire to Fredericke.)
Rof. My Father lou'd Sir Roland as his foule,
And all the world was of my Fathers minde: 217
Had I before knowne this yong man his fonne, I should have given him teares vnto entreaties,
Ere he should thus have ventur'd!
Cel. Gentle Cofen,
Let vs goe thanke him, and encourage him! 221
My Fathers rough and enuious disposition
Sticks me at heart. ¶ Sir, you have well deseru'd:
If you doe keepe your promifes in loue
But inftly, as you have exceeded all promise, 225
Your Mistris shall be happie!
Rof. Gentleman,
[Throwing a chain from off her neck round his.
Weare this for me (one out of fuites with Fortune)
That could give more, but that her hand lacks meanes! 228
¶ Shall we goe, Coze?

Cel.	I. ¶	Fare you well, faire Gentleman! [Ros. & CEL. turn t	229 0 do
Orl Car	I not fav	'I thanke you'? My better part	.s
Are all thro	wne down	e; and that which here stands vp	
		eere liuelesse blocke.	
		: my pride fell with my fortunes;	233
Ile aske hir	n what he	would. ¶ Did you call, Sir?	
Sir, you has	ne wrastled	well, and ouerthrowne	
More then	your enem	ies.	
Cel.		Will you goe, Coze?	
Rof. Hai		n! ¶ Fare you well!	237
0 1 777		$[Exeunt \ \mathbf{R}$ osalind, Celia, and Ci	_
		hangs these waights vpon my toon	g !
		r, yet she vrg'd conference.	
		n art ouerthrowne!	0.41
Or Charles,	, or lottleth	ning weaker, mafters thee.	241
		Re-enter LE BEU.	
Le Beu.	Good Sir,	I do in friendship counsaile you	
To leaue th	is place.	Albeit you haue deferu'd	
		true applause, and loue,	
		Dukes condition,	245
		ll that you haue done.	
		us: what he is, indeede,	
		nceine, then I to speake of.	
		Sir; and, pray you, tell me this!	249
		s daughter of the Duke, Wraftling?	
		is daughter, if we indge by manner	-c •
But yet in	deede the	taller is his daughter:	253
The other	is danghter	to the banish'd Duke,	433
		her vfurping Vncle,	
		r companie; whose lones	
		atnrall bond of Sifters.	257
But I can t	ell you, th	at of late this Duke	
Hath tane	difpleafure	'gainst his gentle Neece;	
Grounded '	v pon no ot	ther argument,	
237. Exeu	nt] Exit.	F. 1 really 'shorter': see I, i	i. 110.
241. Re-er	ster] [Enter Le p. 16.	
Beu. F (after		•	
T ii 220-260		12	

But that the people praise her for her vertues,	201
And pittie her, for her good Fathers fake;	
And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the Lady	
Will fodainly breake forth! Sir, fare you well!	
Hereafter, in a better world then this,	265
I shall defire more loue and knowledge of you.	•
Orl. I rest much bounden to you: fare you well!	
[Exit LE	Beau.
Thus must I from the smoake into the smother;	
From tyrant Duke, vnto a tyrant Brother.	269
But heauenly Rofaline!	[Exit.
Actus Primus Scena Tertia.	

A Room in the Palace.

Enter CELIA and ROSALINE.

Cel. Why, Cosen! why, Rosaline! Cupid have mercie! Not a word?

Rof. Not one to throw at a dog.

Cel. No, thy words are too precious to be cast away vpon curs; throw some of them at me! come, lame mee with reafons!

Rof. Then there were two Cosens laid vp; when the one should be lam'd with reasons, and the other mad without any.

Cel. But is all this for your Father?

Rof. No, some of it is for my childes Father. Oh, how

full of briers is this working day world!

Cel. They are but burs, Cosen, throwne vpon thee in holiday foolerie: if we walke not in the trodden paths, our very petty-coates will catch them.

Rof. I could shake them off my coate: these burs are in my heart. 16

Cel. Hem them away!

Rof. I would try, if I could cry 'hem,' and haue him.

Cel. Come, come, wraftle with thy affections!

Scena Tertia.] Scena Tertius. F. | stood) was thinking of Orlando. So F. She (Theobald under- father's child Rowe.

Rof. O, they take the part of a better wraftler then my felfe! Cel. O, a good with you you! you will trie in time, in dispight of a fall. But, turning these iests out of service, let vs talke in good earnest. Is it possible, on such a sodaine, [24 you should fall into so strong a liking with old Sir Roulands yongest sonne? Rof. The Duke, my Father, lou'd his Father deerelie. Cel. Doth it therefore enfue that you should loue his Sonne By this kinde of chase, I should hate him, for my father hated his father deerely; yet I hate not Orlando. Rof. No, faith, hate him not, for my fake! Cel. Why should I not? doth he not deserve well? Rof. Let me loue him for that, and do you loue him because I doe! Looke, here comes the Duke! Cel. With his eies full of anger. Enter DUKE FREDERICK, with Lords. Duk. F. [to Ros.] Mistris, dispatch you with your safest haste. 36 And get you from our Court! Me, Vncle? Rof: Duk. F. You, Cofen: Within these ten daies if that thou beest found So neere our publike Court as twentie miles, Thou dieft for it! I doe befeech your Grace, 40 Let me the knowledge of my fault beare with me! If with my felfe I hold intelligence, Or have acquaintance with mine owne defires: If that I doe not dreame, or be not franticke, 44 (As I doe truft I am not,) then, deere Vncle, Neuer fo much as in a thought vnborne, Did I offend your highnesse! Duk. F.Thus doe all Traitors: If their purgation did confift in words, 48 They are as innocent as grace it selfe: Let it suffice thee that I trust thee not!

^{35.} Enter . . . Lords.] Enter . . . Lords. F (after 1, 32).

Rof. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a Traitor:	
Tell me whereon the likelihoods depends!	52
Duk. F. Thou art thy Fathers daughter; there's enough	J- 1.
Rof. So was I when your highnes took his Dukdome;	
So was I when your highnesse banisht him:	
Treason is not inherited, my Lord;	56
Or, if we did deriue it from our friends,	J
What's that to me? my Father was no Traitor:	
Then, good my Leige, mistake me not so much,	бо
To thinke my pouertie is treacherous!	00
Cel. Deere Soueraigne, heare me speake!	
Duk. F. I, Celia; we staid her for your sake;	
Else had she with her Father rang'd along.	_
Cel. I did not then intreat to haue her stay;	64
It was your pleafure, and your owne remorfe:	
I was too yong that time to value her,	
But now I know her: if she be a Traitor,	
Why, so am I! we still have slept together,	б8
Rose at an instant, learn'd, plaid, eate together;	
And wherefoere we went, like <i>Iunos</i> Swans,	
Still we went coupled and inseperable.	
Duk. F. She is too fubtile for thee; and her fmoothnes,	72
Her verie filence, and her patiënce,	•
Speake to the people, and they pittie her.	
Thou art a foole! fhe robs thee of thy name;	
And thou wilt show more bright, & feem more vertuous,	76
When she is gone. Then open not thy lips:	,,
Firme and irreuocable is my doombe,	
Which I have past vpon her: she is banish'd!	
	0.
Cel. Pronounce that fentence then on me, my Leige!	80
I cannot liue out of her companie.	16. 1
Duk. F. You are a foole! ¶ You, Neice, prouide your fo	me:
If you out-stay the time, vpon mine honor,	_
And in the greatnesse of my word, you die!	84
[Exeunt Duke,	σ_c .
Cel. O my poore Rosaline, whether wilt thou goe?	
Wilt thou change Fathers? I will give thee mine.	
I charge thee, be not thou more grieu'd then I am.	
73. her] per F. 84. Exeunt] ExitF.	

Rof. I haue more cause.	
Cel. Thou hast not, Cosen;	88
Prethee, be cheerefull! know'ft thou not, the Duke	
Hath banish'd me, his daughter?	
Rof. That he hath not.	
Cel. No? hath not? Rofaline lacks then the loue	
Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one:	92
Shall we be fundred? Shall we part, sweete girle?	9-
No! let my Father feeke another heire!	
Therefore deuise with me how we may flie,	
Therefore dealle with the now we may me,	06
Whether to goe, and what to beare with vs:	96
And doe not feeke to take your change 1 vpon you,	
To beare your griefes your felfe, and leaue me out;	
For, by this heauen, now at our forrowes pale,	
Say what thou canft, Ile goe along with thee!	100
Rof. Why, whether shall we goe?	
Cel. To feeke my Vncle in the Forrest of Arden.	
Rof. Alas, what danger will it be to vs	
(Maides as we are) to trauell forth so farre!	104
Beautie prouoketh theeues, fooner then gold.	
Cel. Ile put my felfe in poore and meane attire,	
And with a kinde of vmher fmirch my face;	
The like, doe you: so shall we passe along,	108
And neuer ftir affailants.	
Rof. Were it not better	
(Because that I am more then common tall)	
That I did fuite me all points like a man?	
A gallant curtelax vpon my thigh,	112
A bore-speare in my hand; and, (in my heart	
Lye there what hidden womans feare there will,)	
Weele haue a swashing and a marshall outside;	
As manie other mannish cowards haue,	116
That doe outface it with their femblances.	110
Cel. What shall I call thee when thou art a man?	
Rof. Ile haue no worse a name then Ioues owne Page	•
And therefore looke you call me 'Ganimed.'	120
But what will you be call'd?	
Cel. Something that hath a reference to my ftate:	
1 change (sc.) of Fortune. charge F2. 121. bel by 1	F.

I. iii. 88-122.]

No longer Celia, but Aliena. Rof. But, Cosen, what if we The clownish Foole out of you Would he not be a comfort to Cel. Heele goe along ore the Leaue me alone to woe him! And get our Iewels and our we Deuise the fittest time, and safe To hide vs from pursuite that we	r Fathers Court our trauaile? e wide world wi Let's away, ealth together; eft way		124
After my flight! Now goe word To libertie, and not to banishm	e in content,	[Exeunt.	122
•		_	ر ر -
Actus Secundus.		•	
The Forrest			
Enter DUKE Senior; AMYE like For	ins, and two or t refters.	hree Lords	5,
Duk. Sen. Now, my Coe-ni			I
Hath not old custome made th			
Then that of painted pompe? More free from perill then the	enuious Court?	vooas	4
Heere feele we but the penaltic	e of Adam,		-
The feafons difference; as, the	Icie phange		
And churlish chiding of the wi Which when it bites and blowe	inters winde,	7	8
Euen till I shrinke with cold, l	I fmile, and fav.	',	J
'This is no flattery: these are	counsellors		
That feelingly periwade me wh			
Sweet are the vies of advertitie			12
Which, like the toad, ougly an Weares yet a precious Iewell in			
And this our life, exempt from			
Findes tongues in trees, bookes	in the running	brookes,	16
Sermons in stones, and good in	euery thing!		
I would not change it. Amien. Happ	w is worn Green		
Апиен. Нарр	y is your Grace,		
woe = wooe. 132. we in F2. in we F. 5. but Theobald. not F. 18. I would not change it.	Amien. Happy] conj.). Amien. change it, happy	I would	Jpton not

[I. iii. 123-133 ; II. i. 1-18. C

That can translate the stubbornnesse of Fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a stile.	20
Du. Sen. Come, shall we goe and kill vs venison?	
And yet it irkes me, the poore dapled fooles	
(Being native Burgers of this defert City)	
Should, in their owne confines, with forked heads	24
Haue their round hanches goard.	
Indeed, my Lord,	
The melancholy Iaques grieues at that;	
And, in that kinde, fweares you doe more vsurpe	_
Then doth your brother that hath banish'd you.	28
To day, my Lord of Amiens, and my felfe,	
Did steale behinde him, as he lay along	
Vnder an oake, whose anticke roote peepes out	
Vpon the brooke that brawles along this wood.	32
To the which place a poore fequestred Stag	•
(That from the Hunters aime had tane a hurt)	
Did come to languish; and, indeed, my Lord,	
The wretched annimall heau'd forth fuch groanes,	36
That their discharge did stretch his leatherne coat	30
Almost to bursting, and the big round teares	
Cours'd one another downe his innocent nose	
In pitteous chase: and thus the hairie foole,	40
	40
Much marked of the melancholie Iaques,	
Stood on th'extremest verge of the swift brooke,	
Augmenting it with teares.	
Du. Sen. But what faid Iaques?	
Did he not moralize this spectacle?	44
I. Lord. O, yes, into a thousand fimilies.	
First, for his weeping into the needlesse streame;	
'Poore Deere!' quoth he, 'thou mak'st a testament	_
As worldlings doe, giving thy fum of more	48
To that which had too much: ' then, being there alone,	
Left and abandoned of his veluet friends;	
"Tis right," quoth he; 'thus miferie doth part	
The Fluxe of companie: ' anon a carelesse Heard,	52
Full of the pasture, iumps along by him,	
And neuer staies to greet him; 'I,' quoth laques,	
40. much F2. must F. 50. friends Rowe, friend F	

Sweepe on, you fat and greazie Citizens!	
Tis iust the fashion: wherefore doe you looke	56
Vpon that poore and broken bankrupt there?'	-
Thus most inuectively he pierceth through	
The body of the Countrie, Citie, Court,	
Yea, and of this our life; fwearing that we	60
Are meere viurpers, tyrants, and what's worfe,	
To fright the Annimals, and to kill them vp,	
In their affign'd and natiue dwelling place.	tion ? 64
D. Sen. And did you leave him in this contemplate. Lord. We did, my Lord, weeping and commen	itino
Vpon the fobbing Deere.	5
Du. Sen. Show me the place!	
I loue to cope him in these fullen fits,	
For then he's full of matter.	68
1. Lor. Ile bring you to him strait.	[Exeunt
Actus Secundus. Scena Secunda.	
A Room in the Palace.	
Enter Duke FREDERICK, with Lords.	
Duk. F. Can it be possible that no man saw them	}
It cannot be! fome villaines of my Court	
Are of confent and fufferance in this.	
1. Lo. I cannot heare of any that did fee her.	4
The Ladies, her attendants of her chamber,	
Saw her a bed; and, in the morning early,	
They found the bed vntreasur'd of their Mistris.	
2. Lor. My Lord, the roynish Clown, at whom so	oft, 8
Your Grace was wont to laugh, is also missing. Hisperia, the Princesse Gentlewoman,	
Confesses, that she secretly ore-heard	
Your daughter and her Cofen much commend	1:
The parts and graces of the Wraftler 1	
That did but lately foile the fynowie Charles;	
59. the F2. 10. Gentlewoman Centlewom	an F.

As non like it

11s you tine it.	
And she beleeues, where euer they are gone, That youth is surely in their companie. Duk. F. Send to his brother; fetch that gallant h If he be absent, bring his Brother to me; Ile make him finde him! do this sodainly! And let not search and inquisition quaile, To bring againe these soolish runawaies!	ither! 20 [Exgunt.
Actus Secundus. Scena Tertia.	
Before Olivers House.	
Enter Orlando and Adam, meeting.	
Orl. Who's there? Ad. What, my yong Mafter? Oh my gentle ma Oh my fweet mafter! O you memorie	fter!
Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here? Why are you vertuous? Why do people loue you? And wherefore are you gentle, ftrong, and valiant?	4
Why would you be so fond, to ouercome The bonie priser of the humorous Duke? Your praise is come too swiftly home before you. Know you not, Master, to some kinde of men, Their graces serue them but as enemies?	8
No more doe yours: your vertues, gentle Master, Are sanctified and holy traitors to you. Oh, what a world is this, when what is comely Enuenoms him that beares it!	12
Orl. Why, what's the matter? Ad. O vnhappie yout! Come not within these doores! within this roose The enemie of all your graces lives: Your brother (no, no brother! yet the sonne	h, 16
Yet not the fon, I will not call him fon Of him I was about to call his Father) 21. Exeunt.] Exunt F. bonnie F.	20
8. bonie] boney Warburton, 10. some] seeme F	

II. ii. 15-21; iii. 1-21.]

Hath heard your praises; and this night he meanes To burne the lodging where you vse to lye, And you within it: if he faile of that, He will have other meanes to cut you off:	24
I ouerheard him, and his practifes. This is no place; this house is but a butcherie: Abhorre it, feare it, doe not enter it! Orl. Why, whether, Adam, would'st thou have me go? Ad. No matter whether, so you come not here.	28
Orl. What! would'ft thou haue me go & beg my food, Or, with a base and boistrous Sword, enforce A theeuish liuing on the common rode? This I must do, or know not what to do:	32
Yet this I will not do, do how I can; I rather will fubiect me to the malice Of a diuerted blood, and bloudie brother. Ad. But do not fo! I haue fiue hundred Crownes,	36
The thriftie hire I faued vnder your Father, Which I did store, to be my foster Nurse, When service should in my old limbs lie lame, And vnregarded age in corners thrown:	40
Take that! and He that doth the Rauens feede, Yea, prouidently caters for the Sparrow, Be comfort to my age! Here is the gold; All this I giue you! Let me be your feruant!	44
Hot, and rebellious liquors in my bloud; Nor did not with vnbashfull forehead woe,1	. 48
The meanes of weaknesse and debilitie; Therefore my age is as a lustie winter, Frostie, but kindely: let me goe with you! Ile doe the seruice of a yonger man,	52
In all your businesse and necessities. Orl. Oh good old man, how well in thee appeares The constant service of the antique world, When service sweate for dutie, not for meede! Thou art not for the fashion of these times,	56

¹ wee = wooe F.

Where none will fweate, but for promotion;	бо
And, hauing that, do choake their feruice vp,	
Euen with the hauing: it is not fo with thee.	
But, poore old man, thou prun'st a rotten tree,	
That cannot fo much as a bloffome yeelde,	64
In lieu of all thy paines and husbandrie.	•
But come thy waies, weele goe along together;	
And ere we have thy youthfull wages fpent,	
Weele light vpon fome fetled low content.	68
Ad. Master, goe on, and I will follow thee,	
To the last gaspe, with truth and loyaltie!	70
From feauentene yeeres till now almost fourescore,	•
Here liuëd I, but now liue here no more.	72
At feauenteene yeeres, many their fortunes feeke;	•
But, at fourescore, it is too late a weeke:	74
Yet fortune cannot recompence me better,	• •
Then to die well, and not my Masters debter. [Exeunt.	76

Actus Secundus. Scena Quarta.

The Forrest of Arden.

Enter Rosaline for Ganimed, Celia for Aliena, and Clowne, alias Touchstone.

Rof. O Iupiter, how weary are my spirits!

Clo. I care not for my fpirits, if my legges were not wearie.

Rof. I could finde in my heart to difgrace my mans apparell, and to cry like a woman; but I must comfort the weaker vessell, as doublet and hose ought to show it selfe coragious to petty-coate: therefore, courage, good Aliena!

Cel. I pray you, beare with me! I cannot goe no further.

Clo. For my part, I had rather 'beare' with you, then beare you: yet I should beare no crosse, if I did beare you; for I thinke you haue no money in your purse.

Rof. Well, this is the Forrest of Arden.

^{71.} seauentene] seventeen Rowe. | 1. weary] Theobald (Warburseauentie F. | ton). merry F.

II. iii. 60-76; iv. 1-12.]

Clo. I, now am I in Arden: the more foole I! when I was at home, I was in a better place; but Trauellers must be content.

Rof. I, be fo, good Touchstone!

Enter CORIN and SILUIUS.

Look you, who comes here! a yong man, and an old, in folemne talke.
Cor. That is the way to make her fcorne you still. Sil. Oh Corin, that thou knew'st how I do loue her! Cor. I partly guesse; for I haue lou'd ere now.
Sil. No, Corin, being old, thou canst not guesse,
Though in thy youth thou wast as true a louer 23
As euer figh'd vpon a midnight pillow:
But if thy loue were ener like to mine,
(As fure I thinke did neuer man loue fo,)
How many actions most ridiculous, 27
Hast thou beene drawne to by thy fantasie?
Cor. Into a thousand that I have forgotten.
Sil. Oh, thou didft then nere loue fo hartily!
If thou remembrest not the slightest folly
That ener lone did make thee run into,
Thou hast not lou'd!
Or if thou hast not sat as I doe now,
Wearing thy hearer in thy Mistris praise, 35
Thou hast not lou'd!
Or if thou hast not broke from companie,
Abruptly, as my passion now makes me,
Thou hast not lou'd!
O Phebe, Phebe! [Exit.
(Rof. Alas, poore Shepheard! fearthing of thy wound,
I have (by hard adventure) found mine owne.
Clo. And I mine. I remember, when I was in loue, I
broke my fword vpon a ftone, and bid him take that for
comming a night to Iane Smile: and I remember the kiffing
of her batler, and the Cowes dngs that her prettie chopt [46
hands had milk'd: and I remember the wooing of a peafcod

^{16.} Enter...] F (after l. 15). | 41. thy wound] Rowe. they 30. nere] ne'er Rowe. neuer F. | would F.

instead of her, from whom I tooke two cods, and, giving them againe, said with weeping teares, 'Weare these for sake!' Wee, that are true Louers, runne into strange capers; but as all is mortall in nature, so is all nature in lemortall in folly.	my [50
Rof. Thou speak'st wifer then thou art ware of.	11 T
Clo. Nay, I shall nere be ware of mine owne wit, ti breake my shins against it.	
Rof. Ioue, Ioue! this Shepherds passion	55
Is much vpon my fashion.	57
Clo. And mine; but it growes fomething stale with me)/ PP
Cel. I pray you, one of you question you'd man,	٠٠.
If he for gold will give vs any foode:	60
I faint almost to death.)	00
Clo. Holla, you Clowne!	
Rof. Peace, foole! he's not thy kinfman.	
Cor. Who cals?	
Clo. Your betters, Sir.	
Cor. Elfe are they very wretched.	
Rof. Peace, I fay! ¶ Good even to you, friend!	64
Cor. And to you, gentle Sir, and to you all!	~~
Rof. I prethee, Shepheard, if that love or gold	
Can in this defert place buy entertainment,	
Bring vs where we may reft our felues, and feed!	68
Here's a yong maid, with trauaile much oppressed,	•
And faints for fuccour.	
Cor. Faire Sir, I pittie her,	
And wish, for her sake more then for mine owne,	
My fortunes were more able to releeue her;	72
But I am shepheard to another man,	,-
And do not sheere the Fleeces that I graze:	
My master is of churlish disposition,	
And little wreakes 1 to finde the way to heaven	76
By doing deeds of hospitalitie:	, -
Besides, his Coate, his Flockes, and bounds of feede,	
Are now on fale, and at our sheep-coat now,	
By reason of his absence, there is nothing	80
That you will feed on; but, what is, come fee,	

¹ recks, cares.

And in my voice, most welcome shall you be! Ros. What is he that shall buy his slocke and pasture?	82
Cor. That yong Swaine that you faw heere but erewhil	
That little cares for buying any thing. Rof. I pray thee, if it stand with honestie,	85
Buy thou the Cottage, pasture, and the flocke!	•
And thou shalt have to pay for it of vs. Cel. And we will mend thy wages. I like this place,	88
And willingly could wafte my time in it.	
Cor. Affuredly the thing is to be fold:	
Go with me! if you like, vpon report, The foile the profit and this kinds of life	\mathcal{P}^2
The foile, the profit, and this kinde of life, I will your very faithfull Feeder be,	
And buy it with your Gold right fodainly. [Exeunt.	95
Actus Secundus. Scena Quinta.	
Another part of the Forrest.	
Enter Amyens, Inques, & others.	
Song.	
Amyens. Vnder the greene wood tree,	
who loves to lye with mee,	2
And turne his merrie Note vnto the fweet Birds throte,	4
Come hither! come hither! come hither!	7
Heere Shall he See	
No enemie, But Winter and rough Weather.	8
Iaq. More, more! I pre'thee, more!	J
Amy. It will make you melancholly, Monsieur Iaques.	
Iaq. I thanke it. More, I prethee, more! I can fuc	
melancholly out of a fong, as a Weazel fuckes egges. Mo I pre'thee, more!	
Amy. My voice is ragged: I know I cannot please you!	13
Iaq. I do not desire you to please me; I do desire you	to
fing. Come, more! another stanzo! Cal you'em 'stanzo's	_, ;
2. turnel turne (turned u) F. tune Rowe (ed. 2).	

Amy. What you wil, Monsieur Iaques.	17
Iaq. Nay, I care not for their names; they of	we mee
nothing. Wil you fing?	
Amy. More at your request, then to please my self	e. 20
Iaq. Well then, if euer I thanke any man, Ile than	ike you :
but that they cal complement is like th'encounter	
dog-Apes. And when a man thankes me har	
thinkes I have given him a penie, and he renders me	the [24
beggerly thankes. Come, fing! ¶ and you that wil r	ıot, hold
your tongues!	
Amy. Wel, Ile end the fong. ¶ Sirs, couer the	while!
the Duke wil drinke vnder this tree. ¶ He hath bir	ι all this
day to looke you.	_ 29
Iaq. And I have bin all this day to avoid him.	
disputeable for my companie: I thinke of as many	matters
as he, but I give Heauen thankes, and make no boast of	of them.
Come, warble, come!	33
Song. [Altogethe	or hooma
	.1 100016.
Who doth ambition shunne,	
and loves to live i'th Sunne;	35
Seeking the food he eates,	
and pleas'd with what he gets,	37
Come hither! come hither! come hither!	
Heere Shall he fee, &c.	
Iaq. Ile giue you a verse to this note, that I made yo	esterday
in despight of my Invention.	41
Amy. And Ile fing it.	•
laq. Thus it goes: [The rest gather round	nd him.
If it do come to passe,	
That any man turne Affe,	4 0
Leaving his wealth and eafe,	45
A stubborne will to please,	47
Ducdame, ducdame, ducdame!	47
Heere shall he see	
Grosse fooles as he,	
And if he will come to me.	51
43. Iaq.] Amy. F.	

Amy. What's that 'Ducdame'?

Iaq. 'Tis a Greeke inuocation, to call fools into a circle. Ile go fleepe, if I can; if I cannot, Ile raile against all the first borne of Egypt.

55

Amy. And Ile go feeke the Duke: his banket is prepar'd.

[Exeunt seuerally.

Actus Secundus. Scena Sexta.

Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Orlando & Adam.

Adam. Deere Master, I can go no further! O, I die for sood! Heere lie I downe, and measure out my graue. Farwel, kinde master!

Orl. Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in [4 thee? Liue a little! comfort a little! cheere thy selfe a little! If this vncouth Forrest yeeld any thing sauage, I wil either be food for it, or bring it for foode to thee. Thy conceite is neerer death, then thy powers. For my sake be [8 comfortable! hold death a while at the armes end! I wil heere be with thee presently; and if I bring thee not something to eate, I wil giue thee leaue to die: but if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labor. Wel said! thou look'st cheerely, and Ile be with thee quickly. Yet [13 thou liest in the bleake aire. Come, I wil beare thee to some shelter; and thou shalt not die for lacke of a dinner, if there liue any thing in this Desert. Cheerely, good Adam! 16

¹ Wel said = Well done, that's right. Cf., e. g., Ant. & Cleo., F. IV. iv. 28.

Actus Secundus. Scena Septima.	
Another part of the Forrest (the same as in Sc. v.) A Table set out.).
Enter DUKE Sen., AMIENS, & Lords, like Out-lawes.	
Du. Sen. I thinke he be transform'd into a beaft; For I can no where finde him, like a man.	1
1. Lord. My Lord, he is but euen now gone hence: Heere was he merry, hearing of a Song. Du. Sen. If he, compact of iarres, grow Muficall, We shall have shortly discord in the Spheares. Go seeke him! tell him I would speake with him!	4
Enter IAQUES.	
1. Lord. He faues my labor by his owne approach. Du. Sen. Why, how now, Monfieur! what a life is thi That your poore friends muft woe¹ your companie? What, you looke merrily!	8 is,
Iaq. A Foole, a foole! I met a foole i'th Forrest, A motley Foole; (a miserable world!) As I do liue by foode, I met a foole, Who laid him downe, and bask'd him in the Sun,	12
And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good termes, In good fet termes, and yet a motley foole. 'Good morrow, foole!' (quoth I.) 'No, Sir,' quoth he, 'Call me not foole, till heauen hath fent me fortune!'	16
And then he drew a diall from his poake, And, looking on it with lacke-luftre eye, Sayes, very wifely, 'It is ten a clocke: Thus we may fee' (quoth he) 'how the world wagges:	20
'Tis hut au houre agoe fince it was nine, And, after one houre more, 'twill be eleuen; And fo, from houre to houre, we ripe, and ripe, And then, from houre to houre, we rot, and rot;	24
Lords] Lord F. $1 woe = wooe$.	-

And thereby hangs a tale.' When I did heare	28
The motley Foole thus morall on the time,	
My Lungs began to crow like Chanticleere,	
That Fooles should be so deepe contemplative;	
And I did laugh, fans intermission,	32
An houre by his diall. Oh, noble foole!	Ť
A worthy foole! Motley's the onely weare!	
Du. Sen. What foole is this?	
Iaq. O worthie Foole! One that hath bin a Courtier,	36
And fayes, if Ladies be but yong, and faire,	-
They have the gift to know it: and in his braine,	
(Which is as drie as the remainder bisket	
After a voyage,) he hath strange places cram'd	40
With observation, the which he vents	•
In mangled formes. O that I were a foole!	
I am ambitious for a motley coat.	
Du. Sen. Thou shalt have one.	
It is my onely fuite;	44
Prouided that you weed your better judgements	٠.
Of all opinion that growes ranke in them,	
That I am wife. I must have liberty	
Withall, as large a Charter as the winde,	48
To blow on whom I please; for so fooles haue:	•
And they that are most gauled with my folly,	
They most must laugh. And why, fir, must they so?	
The 'why' is plaine as way to Parish Church.	52
Hee, that a Foole doth (very wifely) hit,	•
Doth (very foolishly, although he smart)	
Seeme fenfelesse of the bob; if not,	
The Wife-mans folly is anathomiz'd	56
Euen by the fquandring glances of the foole.	•
Inuest me in my motley! Giue me leaue	
To speake my minde! and I will through and through	
Cleanse the foule bodie of th'infected world,	бо
If they will patiently receive my medicine.	
Du. Sen. Fie on thee! I can tell what thou wouldst do	
Iaq. What, for a Counter, would I do, but good?	
Du. Sen. Most mischeeuous foule sin, in chiding sin:	64
38. braine] braiue (turned n) F. 48. Withall] Wiithall F.	
64. sin] fin F.	

For thou thy felfe hast bene a Libertine,	
As fenfuall as the brutish sting it selfe;	
And all th'imbossed fores, and headed euils,	
That thou with license of free foot hast caught,	68
Would'st thou disgorge into the generall world.	
Iaq. Why, who cries out on pride,	
That can therein taxe any private party?	
Doth it not flow as hugely as the Sea,	72
Till that the wearers verie meanes do ebbe?	•
What woman in the Citie do I name,	
When that I fay the City woman beares	
The cost of Princes on vnworthy shoulders?	76
Who can come in, and fay that I meane her,	•
When fuch a one as shee, such is her neighbor?	
Or what is he of basest function,	
That fayes his brauerie is not on my cost,	80
(Thinking that I meane him,) but therein fuites	
His folly to the mettle of my speech?	
'There then!' 'How then? what then!' Let me fee when	rein
My tongue hath wrong'd him: if it do him right,	84
Then he hath wrong'd himselfe; if he be free,	•
Why, then my taxing, like a wild-goose, flies,	
Vnclaim'd of any man.—But who comes here?	
Enter Orlando, with his sword drawn.	
Orl. Forbeare, and eate no more!	
Iaq. Why, I have eate none yet.	88
Orl. Nor shalt not, till necessity be seru'd.	
Iaq. Of what kinde should this Cocke come of?	
Du. Sen. Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy diffres,	
Or else a rude despiser of good manners,	92
That in civility thou feem'ft fo emptie?	<i>-</i>
Orl. You touch'd my veine at first: the thorny point	
Of bare diffresse hath tane from me the shew	
Of fmooth ciuility: yet am I in-land bred,	96
or imports ordiner, yet and a mana orday	
72. the the F. of wear do ebb Collier MS.	Till
73. wearers] Singer. wearie F. that the means, the very mean	s do
Till that the very very means do ebb Swynfen Jervis conj.	

And know fome nourture. But forbeare, I fay!	
He dies that touches any of this fruite,	
Till I and my affaires are answered.	99
Iag. And you will not be answer'd with reason, I must	dye.
Du. Sen. What would you have? Your gentlenesse	fhall
force,	
More then your force moue vs to gentlenesse.	
Orl. I almost die for food; and let me haue it!	
Du. Sen. Sit downe and feed, & welcom to our table!	104
Orl. Speake you fo gently? Pardon me, I pray you!	
I thought that all things had bin fauage heere;	
And therefore put I on the countenance	
Of sterne command'ment. But what ere you are,	108
(That in this defert inaccessible,	
Vnder the shade of melancholly boughes,	
Loofe and neglect the creeping houres of time,)	
If euer you haue look'd on better dayes,	[12
If euer beene where bels haue knoll'd to Church,	
If euer fate at any good mans feaft,	
If euer from your eye-lids wip'd a teare,	
And know what 'tis to pittie, and be pittied,	116
Let gentlenesse my strong enforcement be!	
In the which hope, I blush, and hide my Sword.	
Du. Sen. True is it, that we have seene better dayes;	
And haue with holy bell bin knowld to Church;	120
And fat at good mens feafts; and wip'd our eies	
Of drops that facred pity hath engendred:	
And therefore fit you downe in gentlenesse,	
And take vpon command what helpe we haue,	124
That to your wanting may be ministred!	
Orl. Then but forbeare your food a little while!	
Whiles (like a Doe) I go to finde my Fawne,	
And giue it food. There is an old poore man,	128
Who after me, hath many a weary steppe	
Limpt in pure loue: till he be first suffic'd,	
(Opprest with two weake euils, age, and hunger,)	
I will not touch a bit!	
Duke Sen. Go finde him out!	132

And we will nothing waste till you returne. Orl. I thanke ye; and be blest for your good comfor	t! [<i>Exit.</i>
Du. Sen. Thou feeft, we are not all alone vnhappie: This wide and vniuerfall Theater Prefents more wofull Pageants then the Sceane	- 136
Wherein we play in.	
Ia. All the world's a stage,	
And all the men and women meerely Players:	
They have their Exits and their Entrances;	140
And one man in his time playes many parts,	
His Acts being seuen ages. At first, the Infant,	
Mewling, and puking in the Nurses armes.	
Then, the whining Schoole-boy, with his Satchell,	144
And fhining morning face, creeping like fnaile	
Vnwillingly to schoole. And then, the Louer,	
Sighing like Furnace, with a wofull ballad	148
Made to his Mistresse eye-brow. Then, a Soldier, Full of strange oaths, and bearded like the Pard,	140
Ielous in honor, fodaine and quicke in quarrell,	
Seeking the bubble Reputation	
Euen in the Cauons mouth. And then, the Iustice	152
In faire round belly, with good Capon lin'd,	-5-
With eyes feuere, and beard of formall cut,	
Full of wife fawes, and moderne inftances;	
And so he playes his part. The fixt age shifts	156
Into the leane and flipper'd Pantaloone,	_
With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side,	
His youthfull hofe, well fau'd, a world too wide	
For his shrunke shanke; and his bigge manly voice	16 0
(Turning againe toward childish trebble) pipes	
And whiftles in his found. Last Scene of all,	
That ends this strange eventfull historie,	-6.
Is fecond childifunctie, and meere oblinion,	164
Sans teeth, fans eyes, fans tafte, fans euery thing!	

Re-enter Orlando, with Adam.

Du. Sen. Welcome! Set downe your venerable burthen, And let him feede!

II. vii. 133-167.]

¶

Orl. I thanke you most for him.	
Ad. So had you neede,	168
¶ I fcarce can speake to thanke you for my selfe.	
Du. Sen. Welcome! fall to! I wil not trouble you	
As yet, to question you about your fortunes.	
¶ Giue vs some Musicke! ¶ and, good Cozen, sing!	172
Song.	
Amyens. Blow, blow, thou winter winde!	
Thou art not so vnkinde	174
As mans ingratitude;	-/-
Thy tooth is not so keene,	
Because thou art not seene,	
Although thy breath be rude.	178
Heigh ho! fing, heigh ho! vnto the greene holly:	-/0
Most Frendship is fayning; most Louing, meere folly:	τ80
Then, heigh ho, the holly!	
This Life is most folly.	182
• • •	
Freize, freize, thou bitter skie!	
That dost not bight so nigh	184
As benefitts forgot;	
Though thou the waters warpe,	
Thy sting is not so sharpe	
As freind remembred not.	188
Heigh ho! fing, &c.	
Duke Sen. If that you were the good Sir Rowlands for	1,
(As you have whifper'd faithfully you were;	
And as mine eye doth his effigies witnesse,	192
Most truly limn'd, and liuing in your face,)	
Be truly welcome hither! I am the Duke	
That lou'd your Father: the residue of your sortune,	
Go to my Caue, and tell mee! ¶Good old man,	196
Thou art right welcome, as thy master is!	
¶ Support him by the arme! ¶ Giue me your hand,	
And let me all your fortunes vnderstand. [Exeunt.	199
	
170. to] too F. 181. Then,] Rowe. The F. are are Hudson (Dyce cor 197. master) masters F.	13.).
190, 191. were were] F.	
22 10 174	

Actus Tertius. Scena Prima. A Room in the Palace.

Enter Duke Frederick, Lords, & Oliver.

Du. F. 'Not fee him fince'? Sir, fir, that cannot be!	I
But were I not the better part made mercie,	
I should not feeke an absent argument	
Of my reuenge, thou prefent. But looke to it!	4
Finde out thy brother, wherefoere he is!	•
Seeke him with Candle! bring him, dead, or liuing,	
Within this tweluemonth, or turne thou no more	
To feeke a living in our Territorie!	8
Thy Lands, and all things that thou dost call thine,	
Worth feizure, do we feize into our hands,	
Till thou canst quit thee, by thy brothers mouth,	
	[2
Ol. Oh that your Highnesse knew my heart in this!	
I neuer lou'd my brother in my life.	
Duke F. More villaine thou! ¶ Well, push him out of dores	s I
	гб
Make an extent vpon his house and Lands!	
Do this expediently, and turne him going! [Exeun	ıt.

Actus Tertius. Scena Secunda.

The Forrest.

Enter ORLANDO, with a Paper.

Orl. Hang there, my verse, in witnesse of my loue!	I
And thou, thrice crowned Queene of night, furuey	
With thy chafte eye, from thy pale spheare aboue,	
Thy Huntresse name, that my full life doth sway!	4
O Rosalind! these Trees shall be my Bookes,	5
And in their barkes my thoughts Ile charracter;	,
TTT + 7-78 - 81 7-61	

That enerie eye, which in this Forrest lookes, Shall see thy vertue witnest enery where. Run, run, Orlando! carne, on enery Tree, The faire, the chaste, and vnexpressive shee!

8

[Exit. 10

Enter Corin & Clowne.

Co. And how like you this shepherds life, Master Touchstone? Clow. Truely, Shepheard, in respect of it selfe, it is a [12 good life; but in respect that it is a shepheards life, it is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I like it verie well; but in respect that it is private, it is a very vild life. Now, in respect it is in the fields, it pleaseth mee well; but in [16 respect it is not in the Court, it is tedious. As it is a spare life, (looke you,) it fits my humor well; but as there is no more plentie in it, it goes much against my stomacke. Has't any Philosophie in thee, Shepheard?

Cor. No more, but that I know, the more one fickens, the worse at ease he is; and that hee that wants money, meanes, and content, is without three good frends. That the propertie of raine is to wet, and fire to burne. That good passure [24 makes sat sheepe; and that a great cause of the night, is lacke of the Sunne. That hee that hath learned no wit by Nature, nor Art, may complaine of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

Clo. Such a one is a naturall Philosopher. Was't euer in Court, Shepheard?

Cor. No, truly.

Clo. Then thou art damn'd.

32

Cor. Nay, I hope, . . .

Clo. Truly, thou art damn'd; like an ill roafted Egge, all on one fide.

Cor. For not being at Court? Your reason!

36

Clo. Why, if thou nener was't at Court, thou neuer faw'ft good manners; if thou neuer faw'ft good maners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickednes is fin, and sinne is damnation. Thou art in a parlous state, Shepheard.

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone! those, that are good maners at the Court, are as ridiculous in the Countrey, as the behauiour

of the Countrie is most mockeable at the Court. You told me, you falute not at the Court, but you kiffe your [44 hands: that courtesse would be vncleanlie, if Courtiers were shepheards.

Clo. Instance, briefly! come, instance!

Cor. Why, we are still handling our Ewes; and their Fels, you know, are greasie.

Clo. Why, do not your Courtiers hands fweate? and is not the grease of a Mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow! A better instance, I say; Come!

Cor. Befides, our hands are hard. 53 Clo. Your lips wil feele them the fooner. Shallow agen!

A more founder instance, come!

Cor. And they are often tarr'd ouer with the surgery of our sheepe; and would you have vs kisse Tarre? The Courtiers hands are perfum'd with Cinet.

58

Clo. Most shallow man! Thou wormes meate, in respect of a good peece of flesh, indeed! Learne of the wise, and perpend! Ciuet is of a baser birth then Tarre; the verie vncleanly fluxe of a Cat. Mend the instance, Shepheard! 62

Cor. You have too Courtly a wit for me: Ile rest.

Clo. Wilt thou rest damn'd? God helpe thee, shallow man! God make incision in thee! thou art raw.

Cor. Sir, I am a true Labourer: I earne that I eate, [66 get that I weare; owe no man hate, enuie no mans happinesse; glad of other mens good, content with my harme; and the greatest of my pride, is to see my Ewes graze, & my Lambes sucke.

Clo. That is another simple sinne in you, to bring the Ewes and the Rammes together, and to offer to get your living by the copulation of Cattle; to be bawd to a Bel-weather, and to betray a shee-Lambe of a twelvementh to a crooked- [74 pated, olde, Cuckoldly Ramme, out of all reasonable match. If thou bee'st not damn'd for this, the divell himselfe will have no shepherds; I cannot see else how thou shoulds fcape.

Cor. Heere comes yong Master Ganimed, my new Mistrisses

Brother.

Enter Rosalind, reading a Paper	
Rof. From the east to westerne Inde,	
no iewel is like Rofalinde.	82
Hir worth, being mounted on the winde,	
through all the world beares Rolalinde.	84
All the pictures, fairest linde,	06
are but blacke to Rosalinde.	86
Let no face bee kept in mind,	88
but the faire of Rosalinde!	
Clo. Ile rime you so, eight yeares together; dinn	ers, and
fuppers, and fleeping hours excepted: it is the right	Butter-
womens ranke 1 to Market.	
Rof. Out, Foole!	92
Clo. For a tafte:	
If a Hart doe lacke a Hinde,	
let him seeke out Rosalinde!	95
If the Cat will after kinde,	0.5
fo, be fure, will Rofalinde.	97
Wintred garments must be linde, so must slender Rosalinde.	99
They that reap must sheafe and binde;	99
then to cart with Rosalinde!	101
Sweetest nut hath sowrest rinde,	
fuch a nut is Rosalinde.	103
He that fweetest rose will finde,	•
must finde Loues pricke, & Rosalinde!	105
This is the verie false gallop of Verses: why doe yo	u infect
your felfe with them?	
Rof. Peace, you dull foole! I found them on a tre	ee.
Clo. Truely, the tree yeelds bad fruite!	109
Rof. Ile graffe it with you, and then I shall graffe	
a Medler: then it will be the earliest fruit i'th coun	
you'l be rotten ere you bee halfe ripe, and that's the	he right
vertue of the Medler.	113
Clo. You have faid; but whether wifely or no,	let the
Forrest indge!	

¹ ranke = file. rate Hanmer. | Farme, I. xxviii. 134) Aldis Wright rack (a pace 'which is neither trot nor amble'.—Markham's Countrie

Enter Celia, with a writing.

2.000 02211, 0000 0 0000	
Rof. Peace!	
Here comes my fifter, reading: ftand afide!	
Cel. [reads] Why should this a Desert bee? I	18
Tonges Ile hang on euerie tree,	
	21
	22
runs his erring pilgrimage,	
That the stretching of a span	
	25
Some, of violated vowes	26
twixt the soules of friend and friend ·	
But vpon the fairest bowes,	
	29
Will I Rosalinda write,	30
teaching all that reade, to know	
The quintessénce of euerie sprite,	
Heauen would in little show.	33
Therefore, Heauen Nature charg'd,	34
that one bodie should be fill'd	
With all Graces wide enlarg'd:	
Nature prefently distill'd	37
	38
Cleopatra's Maiestie,	
Attalanta's better part,	
fad Lucrecia's Modestie.	41
Thus Rosalinde, of manie parts,	42
by Heauenly Synode was deuis'd;	
Of manie faces, eyes, and hearts,	
to have the touches deerest pris'd.	45
Heauen would that shee these gifts should haue,	
and I to live and die her slave.	47
Rof. O most gentle Iupiter! what tedious homilie of Lo	niie
have you wearied your parishioners withall and never cri'd	ac de

haue you wearied your parishioners withall, a 'Haue patience, good people!' 150

^{118.} a] Rowe.

^{138.} hir] her Rowe. his F.

Cel. [to Clo. & COR.] How now! backe, friends! Shep-

heard, go off a little! ¶Go with him, firrah!

Clo. Come, Shepheard! let vs make an honorable retreit; though not with bagge and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage.

[Exeunt Corin & Touchstone. 155]

Cel. Didft thou heare these verses?

Rof. O, yes, I heard them all, and more too; for some of them had in them more feete then the Verses would beare.

Cel. That's no matter: the feet might beare ye verses. 159

Rof. I, but the feet were lame, and could not beare themfelues without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

Cel. But didst thou heare without wondering, how thy

name should be hang'd and carued vpon these trees?

Rof. I was feuen of the nine daies out of the wonder, before you came; for looke heere what I found on a Palme tree! [166 [Shewing the Paper] I was neuer fo berim'd fince Pythagoras time, that I was an Irish Rat, which I can hardly remember.

Cel. Tro I you who hath done this?

Rof. Is it a man?

Cel. And a chaine, that you once wore, about his neck. Change you colour?

Rof. I pre'thee, who?

173

160

Cel. O Lord, Lord! it is a hard matter for friends to meete; but Mountaines may bee remoou'd with Earthquakes, and fo encounter.

Rof. Nay, but who is it?

177

Cel. Is it possible?

Rof. Nay, I pre'thee now, with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is!

Cel. O wonderfull, wonderfull! and most wonderfull wonderfull! and yet againe wonderful! and after that out of all hooping!²
182

Rof. Good my complection! doft thou think, though I am caparison'd like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-sea of discoverie. I pre'thee tell me who is it, quickely, and speake apace! [187]

I would thou couldft flammer, that thou might'ft powre this conceal'd man out of thy mouth, as Wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or none at all! I pre'thee take the Corke out of thy mouth, that I may drinke thy tydings!

Cel. So you may put a man in your belly.

Rof. Is he of Gods making? What manner of man? Is his head worth a hat? Or his chin worth a beard?

Cel. Nay, he hath but a little beard.

thank-

Rof. Why, God will fend more, if the man will bee thankful: let me ftay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin!

Cel. It is yong Orlando, that tript vp the Wrasslers heeles, and your heart, both in an instant.

Rof. Nay, but the diuell take mocking! speake, sadde brow and true maid!

Cel. I'faith, (Coz,) tis he.

Rof. Orlando?

205

Cel. Orlando.

Rof. Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet & hose? What did he when thou saw'st him? What sayde he? How look'd he? Wherein went he? What [209 makes hee heere? Did he aske for me? Where remaines he? How parted he with thee? And when shalt thou see him againe? Answer me in one vvord!

Cel. You must borrow me Gargantuas mouth first: 'tis a 'Word' too great for any mouth of this Ages fize. To say 'I' and 'no,' to these particulars, is more then to answer in a Catechisme.

Rof. But doth he know that I am in this Forrest, and in mans apparrell? Looks he as freshly, as he did the day he Wrastled?

Cel. It is as easie to count Atomies as to resolue the propositions of a Louer; but take a taste of my finding him, and rellish it with good observance! I sound him vnder a tree, like a drop'd Acorne.

Rof. It may vvel be cal'd loues tree, when it droppes

forth such fruite.

Cel. Giue me audience, good Madam! Rof. Proceed! 227 Cel. There lay hee, stretch'd along, like a Wounded Knight. Rof. Though it be pittie to fee fuch a fight, it vvell becomes the ground. Cel. Cry 'holla!' to the tongue, I prethee! it curuettes vnseasonably. He was furnish'd like a Hunter. Rof. O, ominous! he comes to kill my Hart. Cel. I would fing my fong without a burthen: thou bring'ft me out of tune. Rof. Do you not know I am a woman? when I thinke, I must speake. Sweet, say on! 238 Cel. You bring me out. Soft! comes he not heere? Rof. 'Tis he! flinke by, and note him! [CELIA and ROSALIND retire. Enter ORLANDO & IAQUES. Iaq. I thanke you for your company; but, good faith, I had as liefe haue beene my felfe alone. 242 Orl. And so had I; but yet, for fashion sake, I thanke you too for your focietie. Iaq. God buy 1 you! let's meet as little as we can. Orl. I do defire we may be better strangers. 246 Iaq. I pray you, marre no more trees with Writing Louefongs in their barkes! Orl. I pray you, marre no moe of my verses with reading them ill-fauouredly! 250 *Iaq. Rofalinde* is your loues name? Orl. Yes, Iuft. Iaq. I do not like her name. Orl. There was no thought of pleafing you when she was christen'd. Iaq. What stature is she of? Orl. Iust as high as my heart. 257

240. Enter . . .] F (after line 238).

buy = be with.

[III. ii. 226-259.

Iaq. You are ful of prety answers. Haue you not bin acquainted with goldsmiths wives, & cond them out of rings?

Orl. Not so! but I answer you right painted cloath, from

whence you have studied your questions.

Iaq. You have a nimble wit: I thinke 'twas made of Will you fitte downe with me? and wee Attalanta's heeles. two will raile against our Mistris the world, and all our miserie. 265

Orl. I wil chide no breather in the world but my felfe,

against whom I know most faults.

Iaq. The worst fault you have, is to be in loue.

Orl. 'Tis a fault I will not change for your best vertue. I am wearie of you. 270

Iaq. By my troth, I was feeking for a Foole, when I found

Orl. He is drown'd in the brooke: looke but in, and you fhall fee him! 274

Iaq. There I shal see mine owne figure.

Orl. Which I take to be either a foole, or a Cipher.

Iag. Ile tarrie no longer with you: Farewell, good Signior Loue!

Orl. I am glad of your departure: Adieu, good Monsieur

Melancholly!

Exit IAQUES. CELIA and ROSALIND come forward.

Rof. [aside to CELIA] I wil speake to him like a sawcie Lacky, and vnder that habit play the knaue with him. ¶ Do you hear, Forrester? 283

Orl. Verie wel! What would you?

Rof. I pray you, what i'ft a clocke?

Orl. You should aske me 'what time o'day': there's no 'clocke' in the Forrest.

Rof. Then there is no true Louer in the Forrest; else sighing euerie minute, and groaning euerie houre, wold detect the lazie foot of Time as wel as a clocke.

Orl. And why not the fwift foote of Time? Had not 2Q2

that bin as proper?

Rof. By no meanes, fir: Time trauels in divers paces, with diuers persons. He tel you who Time ambles withall, who Time trots withal, who Time gallops withal, and who he flands flil withall. 296

Orl. I prethee, who doth he trot withal?

Rof. Marry, he trots hard with a yong maid between the contract of her marriage, and the day it is folemnizd: if the interim he but a fennight, Times pace is fo hard, that it feemes the length of feuen yeare.

Orl. Who ambles Time withal?

Rof. With a Priest that lacks Latine, and a rich man that hath not the Gowt; for the one fleepes eafily, because he cannot fludy; and the other liues merrily, because he feeles no paine: the one lacking the burthen of leane and [306 wasteful Learning; the other knowing no burthen of heavie tedious penurie. These Time ambles withal.

Orl. Who doth he gallop withal?

300

Rof. With a theefe to the gallowes; for though hee go as foftly as foot can fall, he thinkes himselfe too soon there.

Orl. Who staies it stil withal?

212

Rof. With Lawiers in the vacation; for they fleepe betweene Terme and Terme, and then they perceive not how Time moues.

Orl. Where dwel you, prettie youth?

Rof. With this Shepheardesse, my sister; heere in the skirts of the Forrest, like fringe vpon a petticoat.

Orl. Are you native of this place?

Rof. As the Conie that you fee dwell where shee is kindled.

Orl. Your accent is formething finer then you could purchase in so remoued a dwelling.

Rof. I have bin told so of many: but, indeed, an olde religious Vnckle of mine taught me to speake, who was in his youth an inland man; one that knew Courtship too well, for there he fel in loue. I have heard him read many [327 Lectors 1 against it; and I thanke God I am not a Woman, to be touch'd with fo many giddie offences as hee hath generally tax'd their whole fex withal.

Orl. Can you remember any of the principall euils that he

laid to the charge of women?

Rof. There were none principal: they were all like one another, as halfe pence are; euerie one fault feeming monstrous, til his fellow-fault came to match it. 335

Orl. I prethee, recount fome of them!

Rof. No, I wil not cast away my physick but on those that are ficke. There is a man haunts the Forrest, that abuses our yong plants with caruing 'Rosalinde' on their barkes; hangs Oades vpon Hauthornes, and Elegies on brambles; all [340 (forfooth) deifying the name of 'Rosalinde.' If I could meet that Fancie-monger, I would give him fome good counsel, for he feemes to have the Quotidian of Loue vpon him.

Orl. I am he that is fo Loue-shak'd: I pray you, tel me vour remedie!

Rof. There is none of my Vnckles markes vpon you: he taught me how to know a man in loue; in which cage of rushes, I am fure, you are not prisoner.

Orl. What were his markes?

349 Rof. A leane cheeke, which you have not; a blew eie and funken, which you have not; an vnquestionable 1 spirit, which you haue not; a beard neglected, which you haue not; (but I pardon you for that, for, fimply, your having in beard [353 is a yonger brothers reuennew:) then your hose should be vngarter'd, your bonnet vnbanded, your sleeue vnbutton'd, your shoo vnti'de, and euerie thing about you demonstrating a carelesse desolation. But you are no such man; you [357 are rather point deuice in your accouftrements, as louing your felfe, then feeming the Louer of any other.

Orl. Faire youth, I would I could make thee beleeue, I Loue!

Rof. Me beleeue it! You may affoone make her that you Loue, beleeue it; which, I warrant, the is apter to do then to confesse she do's: that is one of the points in the which women stil give the lie to their consciences. But, in [365] good footh, are you he that hangs the verses on the Trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired?

Orl. I fweare to thee, youth, by the white hand of Rofalind, I am that he, that vnfortunate he!

Ros. But are you so much in loue as your rimes speak? Orl. Neither rime nor reason can expresse how much!

Rof. Loue is meerely a madneffe, and, I tel you, deferues

³⁴¹ deifying] F2. defying F. 348. are art F. vnquestionable = inconversable.

as wel a darke house, and a whip, as madmen do: and the reason why they are not so punish'd and cured is, that the Lunacie is so ordinarie, that the whippers are in loue too. Yet I prosesse curing it by counsel.

Orl. Did you euer cure any fo?

Rof. Yes, one; and in this manner. Hee was to imagine me his Loue, his Mistris; and I set him euerie day to woe 1 At which time would I, being but a moonish youth, greeue, be effeminate, changeable, longing and liking, [381 proud, fantaftical, apish, shallow, inconstant, ful of teares, full of fmiles; for euerie passion something, and for no passion truly any thing; (as boyes and women are, for the most part, cattle of this colour;) would now like him, now loath [385] him; then entertaine him, then for wear him; now weepe for him, then fpit at him: that I draue my Sutor from his mad humor of loue to a living humor of madnes; which was, to forfweare the ful stream of ye world, and to liue in a [389] nooke meerly Monastick. And thus I cur'd him; and this way wil I take vpon mee to wash your Liuer as cleane as a found sheepes heart, that there shal not be one spot of Loue in't!

Orl. I would not be cured, youth.

Ross. I would cure you, if you would but call me Rosalind, and come euerie day to my Coat,² and woe me.

Orlan. Now, by the faith of my loue, I will! Tel me

where it is!

Rof. Go with me to it, and Ile shew it you! and, by the way, you shal tell me where in the Forrest you liue. Wil you go?

Orl. With all my heart, good youth!

Rof. Nay, you must call mee Rofalind. ¶ Come, sister, will you go? [Exeunt. 404]

45

¹ wee = wooe.

² Coat = cote, cottage.

Actus Tertius. Scoena Tertia. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Clowne, Audrey; & Isques behind.

Clo. Come apace, good Audrey! I wil fetch vp your Goates, Audrey! And how, Audrey? am I the man yet? doth my fimple feature 1 content you?

Aud. Your 'features'! Lord warrant vs! what features? 4 Clo. I am heere with thee, and thy Goats, as the most

capricious Poet, honest Ouid, was among the Gothes.

(Iaq. [aside] O knowledge ill inhabited, worse then Ioue in a thatch'd house!)

Clo. When a mans verses cannot be vnderstood, nor a mans good wit feconded with the forward childe, Vnderstanding, it ftrikes a man more dead then a great reckoning in a little roome. Truly, I would the Gods hadde made thee poeticall!

Aud. I do not know what 'Poetical' is: is it honest in deed and word? is it a true thing?

Clo. No, trulie; for the truest poetrie is the most faining; and Louers are giuen to Poetrie; and what they sweare in Poetrie, may be faid, (as Louers,) they do feigne.

Aud. Do you wish, then, that the Gods had made me

Poeticall?

Clow. I do, truly; for thou fwear'ft to me thou art honest: Now, if thou wert a Poet, I might have some hope thou didft feigne.

Aud. Would you not have me honest?

Clo. No, truly, vnlesse thou wert hard fauour'd; for honestie coupled to beautie, is to haue Honie a sawce to Sugar.

(Iaq. A materiall foole!)

Aud. Well, I am not faire; and therefore I pray the Gods make me honest.

Clo. Truly, and to cast away honestie vppon a foule slut, were to put good meate into an vncleane dish.

Aud. I am not a flut, though (I thanke the Goddes!) I am foule. 33

¹ feature = making, composition of verses.

Clo. Well, praised be the Gods for thy foulnesse! sluttishnesse may come heereafter. But be it as it may bee, I wil marrie thee: and to that end, I have bin with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the Vicar of the next village; who hath pro- [37 mis'd to meete me in this place of the Forrest, and to couple vs.

(Iaq. I would faine fee this meeting.)

Aud. Wel, the Gods give vs joy! 41 Clo. Amen! A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt; for heere wee haue no Temple but the wood, no affembly but horne-beafts. But what though? Courage! As hornes are odious, they are necessarie. It [45 is faid, 'many a man knowes no end of his goods:' right; many a man has good Hornes, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowrie of his wife; 'tis none of his owne getting. Hornes? euen fo: poore men alone? No, no! [49] the noblest Deere hath them as huge as the Rascall. Is the fingle man therefore bleffed? No: as a wall'd Towne is more worthier then a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable then the bare brow of a Batchel- [53 ler; and by how much defence is better then no skill, by fo much is a horne more precious then to want. Heere comes Sir Oliver !

Enter Sir Oliver Mar-text.

Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are wel met! Will you dispatch vs heere vnder this tree, or shal we go with you to your Chappell?

Ol. Is there none heere to give the woman?

Clo. I wil not take her on guift of any man.

Ol. Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is not lawfull.

Iaq. [advancing] Proceed, proceede! Ile giue her. Clo. Good euen, good Master What-ye-cal't! how do you, Sir? [IAQ. takes off his hat] You are verie well met: Goddild you for your last companie! I am verie glad to see you: (euen a toy in hand heere, Sir:) Nay, pray be couer'd!

Iaq. Wil you be married, Motley?

Clo. As the Oxe hath his bow, fir, the horse his curb, and

56

бо

the Falcon her bels, so man hath his desires; and as Pigeons
bill, fo wedlocke would be nibling.
Iaq. And wil you (being a man of your breeding) be
married vnder a bush, like a begger? Get you to church,
and have a good Priest that can tel you what marriage is!
this fellow wil but ioyne you together as they ioyne [76
Wainscot; then one of you wil proue a shrunke pannell, and,
like greene timber, warpe, warpe. 78
Clo. I am not in the minde but I were better to bee mar-
ried of him then of another: for he is not like to marrie
me wel; and not being wel married, it wil be a good excuse
for me heereafter to leaue my wife. 82
Iaq. Goe thou with mee, and let me counsel thee!
Clo. Come, fweete Audrey!
We must be married, or we must live in baudrey. 85
¶ Farewel, good Master Oliver! not,
O fweet Oliver,
O braue Oliver,
Leaue me not behind thee!
but,
Winde away,
Bee gone, I fay,
I wil not to wedding with thee!
[Exeunt Inques, Clowne, and Audrey.
Ol. 'Tis no matter: Ne're a fantastical knaue of them all
fhal flout me out of my calling! [Exit. 95]
Entr. 95
Actus Tortius Same
Actus Tertius. Scoena Quarta.
Another part of the Forrest. Before a Cottage.
Enter Rosalind & Celia.
Ro/. Neuer talke to me! I wil weepe!
Cel. Do, I prethee! but yet have the grace to confider that
teares do not become a man.
Rof. But haue I not cause to weepe?
т
84. Clo.] Ol. F.
93. Exeunt Audrey.] Exeunt. F (after 1, 95).
III. iii. 71-95; iv. 1-4.] 48

Cel. As good cause as one would defire; therefore weepe!

Rof. His very haire is of the diffembling colour.

Cel. Something browner then Iudasses: marrie, his kisses are *Iudass* owne children.

Ros. I'faith, his haire is of a good colour.

Cel. An excellent colour: Your Cheffenut was ever the onely colour.

Rof. And his kiffing is as ful of fanctitie as the touch of

holy bread.

Cel. Hee hath bought a paire of cast lips of Diana: a Nun of winters fifterhood kiffes not more religiouslie; the very yee of chastity is in them.

Rosa. But why did hee fweare hee would come this

morning, and comes not?

Cel. Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

Rof. Doe you thinke so?

20

Cel. Yes; I thinke he is not a picke purse, nor a horsestealer, but, for his verity in loue, I doe thinke him as concaue as a couered goblet, or a Worme-eaten nut.

Rof. Not true in loue?

Cel. Yes, when he is 'in'; but I thinke he is not 'in'.

Ros. You have heard him fweare downright he was.

Cel. 'Was' is not 'is': besides, the oath of a Louer is no ftronger then the word of a Tapster; they are both the [28] confirmer of false reckonings. He attends here in the forrest on the Duke your father.

Rof. I met the Duke yesterday, and had much question with him: he askt me, of what parentage I was; I told [32 him, of as good as he; so he laugh'd and let mee goe. But what talke wee of Fathers, when there is fuch a man as

Orlando 2

Cel. O, that's a braue man! hee writes braue verses, [36] speakes braue words, sweares braue oathes, and breakes them brauely, quite trauers, athwart the heart of his louer; as a puisny Tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breakes his staffe like a noble goose: but all's braue that youth [40 mounts, and folly guides. Who comes heere?

Enter Corin.

Corin. Mistresse and Master, you have oft enquired After the Shepheard that complain'd of loue, Who you saw sitting by me on the Turph, Praising the proud distainfull Shepherdesse That was his Mistresse.	44
Cel. Well, and what of him? Cor. If you will fee a pageant truely plaid, Betweene the pale complexion of true Loue, And the red glowe of fcorne and prowd difdaine, Goe hence a little, and I shall conduct you, If you will marke it.	48
Ros. [to Cel.] O, come, let vs remoue! The fight of Louers feedeth those in loue. ¶ Bring vs to this fight, and you shall say Ile proue a busic actor in their play! [Execunt.]	52 54
Actus Tertius. Scena Quinta. Another part of the Forrest.	
Enter SILUIA and PHEBE.	
Sil. Sweet Phebe, doe not scorne me! do not, Phebe! Say that you loue me not, but say not so In bitternesse! The common executioner	1
(Whose heart th'accustom'd fight of death makes hard) Falls not the axe vpon the humbled neck, But first begs pardon: will you sterner be Then he that dies and liues by bloody drops?	4
Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Corin, behind.	
Phe. I would not be thy executioner: I flye thee, for I would not iniure thee. Thou tellft me, there is murder in mine eye: 'Tis pretty, fure, and very probable,	8
That eyes (that are the frailft, and foftest things, Who shut their coward gates on atomyes) Should be called tyrants, butchers, murtherers! III. iv. 42-54; v. 1-14.] 50	12

Now I doe frowne on thee with all my heart; And, if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee! Now counterfeit to fwound; why, now fall downe; Or, if thou canst not, Oh, for shame, for shame,	16
Now flew the wound mine eye hath made in thee! Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remaines Some fcarre of it; Leane but vpon a rush,	20
The Cicatrice and capable impressure. Thy palme some moment keepes; but now mine eyes, Which I haue darted at thee, hurt thee not, Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eyes	24
That can doe hurt.	
Sil. O deere Phebe, If euer (as that euer may be neere) You meet in some fresh cheeke the power of sancie, Then shall you know the wounds inuisible	28
That Loues keene arrows make! Phe. But, till that time,	
Come not thou neere me! and, when that time comes, Afflict me with thy mockes! pitty me not! As, till that time, I shall not pitty thee.	32
Rof. [aduancing] And why, I pray you? Who might your mother,	be
That you infult, exult, and all at once, Ouer the wretched? What though you haue no beauty, (As, by my faith, I fee no more in you	36
Then, without Candle, may goe darke to bed,) Must you be therefore prowd and pittiless? Why, what meanes this? Why do you looke on me?	40
I fee no more in you then in the ordinary Of Natures fale-worke. ('Ods my little life, I thinke fhe meanes to tangle my eies too!) No, faith, proud Mistresse, hope not after it!	44
'Tis not your inkie browes, your blacke filke haire, Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheeke of creame, That can entame my spirits to your worship.	48
* * *	

^{22.} but] F2.

^{30.} wounds] wounds (turned n) F. 37. haue] hau F.

¶ You foolish Shepheard, wherefore do you follow her,
Like foggy South, puffing with winde and raine?
You are a thousand times a properer man
Then she a woman. 'Tis such fooles as you 52
That makes the world full of ill-fauourd children:
'Tis not her glasse, but you, that flatters her;
And out of you she sees her selfe more proper
Then any of her lineaments can show her. 56
¶ But, Mistris, know your selfe! downe on your knees,
And thanke heaven, fasting, for a good mans love!
For I must tell you (friendly) in your eare,
Sell when you can: you are not for all markets! 60
Cry the man mercy! loue him! take his offer!
Foule is most foule, being foule, to be a scoffer. 62
¶ So, take her to thee, Shepheard! fare you well!
Phe. Sweet youth, I pray you, chide a yere together!
I had rather here you chide, then this man wooe.
Ros. Hees falne in loue with your foulnesse, ¶ & shee'll [66
fall in loue with my anger. If it be fo, as fast as she answeres
thee with frowning lookes, ile fauce her with bitter words.
¶ Why looke you fo vpon me?
Phe. For no ill will I beare you.
Rof. I pray you, do not fall in loue with mee!
For I am falser then vowes made in wine:
Befides, I like you not. ¶ If you will know my house,
'Tis at the tufft of Oliues, here hard by. 74
¶ Will you goe, Sifter? ¶ Shepheard, ply her hard!
¶ Come, Sifter! ¶ Shepheardesse, looke on him better,
And be not proud! though all the world could fee,
None could be so abus'd in fight as hee!
¶ Come, to our flocke!
[Exeunt Rosalind, Celia, and Corin
Phe. Dead Shepheard! now I find thy faw of might:
'Who ever lov'd, that lou'd not at first fight?' 1 81
Sil. Sweet Phebe!
Phe. Hah! what faist thou, Siluius?
Sil. Sweet Phebe, pitty me!
The Carlot of th
79. Exeunt Corin.] Exit. F. 1st Sestiad. Works, ed. Dyce,

Marlowe's Hero and Leander, 1870, p. 281, col. 2.

Phe. Why, I am forry for thee, gentle Siluius. Sil. Where euer forrow is, reliefe would be:	84
If you doe forrow at my griefe in loue,	
By giuing loue, your forrow and my griefe	
Were both extermin'd.	88
Phe. Thou hast my loue, is not that neighbourly?	
Sil. I would haue you.	
Phe. Why, that were couetousnesses	
Siluius, the time was, that I hated thee;	
And yet it is not, that I beare thee loue:	Q2
But fince that thou canft talke of loue fo well,	
Thy company, which erft was irkesome to me,	
I will endure; and Ile employ thee too:	
But doe not looke for further recompence	96
Then thine owne gladnesse, that thou art employd!	
Sil. So holy, and so perfect is my loue,	
And I in fuch a pouerty of grace,	
That I shall thinke it a most plenteous crop,	100
To gleane the broken eares after the man	
That the maine haruest reapes: loose now and then	
A fcattred fmile; and that Ile liue vpon!	103
Phe. Knowst thou the youth that spoke to mee yere w	
Sil. Not very well, but I have met him oft;	
And he hath bought the Cottage, and the bounds,	
That the old Carlot once was Mafter of.	
Phe. Thinke not I loue him, though I ask for him!	108
'Tis but a pecuish boy; (yet he talkes well:)	
But what care I for words? (yet words do well,	
When he that speakes them pleases those that heare.)	
It is a pretty youth: (not very prettie:)	112
But, fure, hee's proud; (and yet his pride becomes him:	
Hee'll make a proper man: the best thing in him	•
Is his complexion; and faster then his tongue	
Did make offence, his eye did heale it vp.	116
He is not very tall; (yet for his yeeres hee's tall:)	
His leg is but so so; (and yet 'tis well:)	
There was a pretty rednesse in his lip,	
A little riper and more luftie red	120
Then that mixt in his cheeke; 'twas iust the difference	-20
Betwixt the constant Red, and mingled Damaske.	

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128
132
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un t.

Actus Quartus. Scena Prima.

The Forrest of Arden. Before a Cottage, as in Act III. sc. iv.

Enter Rosalind, and Celia, and Iaques.

Iaq. I prethee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee!

Rof. They fay you are a melancholly fellow.

Iaq. I am fo; I doe loue it better then laughing.

Rof. Those that are in extremity of either, are abhominable fellowes; and betray themselues to every moderne censure, worse then drunkards.

Iaq. Why, 'tis good to be fad and fay nothing. 8

Rof. Why then, 'tis good to be a poste.

Iaq. I have neither the Schollers melancholy, which is emulation; nor the Musitians, which is fantasticall; nor the Courtiers, which is proud; nor the Souldiers, which is [12 ambitious; nor the Lawiers, which is politick; nor the Ladies,

127. I haue] F2. Haue F. 1. be] F2. III. v. 123-138; IV. i. 1-13.] 54

which is nice; nor the Louers, which is all these: but it is a melancholy of mine owne, compounded of many simples, extracted from many obiects, and, indeed, the fundrie [16 contemplation of my trauells, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadnesse.

Rof. A Traueller! By my faith, you have great reason to be sad! I feare you have fold your owne Lands, to see [20 other mens; then, to have feene much, and to have nothing,

is to haue rich eyes and poore hands.

Iaq. Yes, I have gain'd my experience.

Rof. And your 'experience' makes you fad: I had rather haue a foole to make me merrie, then experience to make me fad; and to trauaile for it too!

Enter ORLANDO.

Orl. Good day, and happinesse, deere Rosalind! Iaq. Nay, then, God buy 1 you, and you talke in blanke verfe!

Rof. Farewell, Mounfieur Trauellor! looke you lifpe, and weare strange suites; disable all the benefits of your owne Countrie; be out of lone with your nativitie, and almost [32] chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will scarce thinke you have swam in a Gundello! ¶ Why, how now, Orlando! where have you bin all this while? You a louer! And you ferue me fuch another tricke, neuer come in my fight more!

Orl. My faire Rosalind, I come within an houre of my

promife.

Rof. Breake an houres promise in loue! Hee that will diuide a minute into a thousand parts, and breake but a [41 part of the thousand part of a minute in the affairs of loue, it may be said of him, that Cupid hath clapt him oth' shoulder, but Ile warrant him heart hole.

Orl. Pardon me, deere Rofalind!

Rof. Nay, and you be so tardie, come no more in my fight! I had as liefe be woo'd of a Snaile.

Orl. 'Of a Snaile'?

48

17. my] F2. by F. 26. Enter Orlando.] F (after 1. 23). 1 buy = be with.

Rof. I, of a Snaile; for though he comes flowly, hee carries his house on his head; a better ioyncture, I thinke, then you make a woman: besides, he brings his destinie with him.

Orl. What's that?

Rof. Why, hornes, which such as you are saine to be beholding to your wives for: but he comes armed in his fortune, and prevents the slander of his wife.

Orl. Vertue is no horne-maker; and my Rofalind is

vertuous.

Rof. And I am your Rofalind.

Cel. It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a Rosalind

of a better leere then you.

Rof. Come, wooe me, wooe me! for now I am in a holy-day humor, and like enough to confent. What would you fay to me now, and I were your verie, verie Rofalind? 64

Orl. I would kiffe before I spoke.

Rof. Nay, you were better speake first; and when you were grauel'd for lacke of matter, you might take occasion to kisse. Verie good Orators, when they are out, they will spit; and for louers, lacking (God warne vs!) matter, the cleanliest shift is to kisse.

Orl. How if the kiffe be denide?

Rof. Then she puts you to entreatie, and there begins new matter.

Orl. Who could be out, being before his beloued Mistris?

Rof. Marrie, that should you, if I were your Mistris; or I should thinke my honestie ranker then my wit.

Orl. What, of my fuite?

Rof. Not out of your apparrell, and yet out of your 'fuite'.

Am not I your Rofalind?

Orl. I take fome ioy to fay you are, because I would be talking of her.

Rof. Well, in her person, I say, 'I will not have you.'

Orl. Then, in mine owne person, I die. 83

Rof. No, faith, die by Attorney! The poore world is almost six thousand yeeres old, and in all this time there was not anie man died in his owne person (videlicet) in a lone cause. Troilous had his braines dashed out with a [87 Grecian club; yet he did what hee could to die before; and

IV. i. 49-88.]

he is one of the patternes of lone. Leander, he would haue liu'd manie a faire yeere though Hero had turn'd Nun, if it had not bin for a hot Midsomer-night; for (good youth) [91 he went but forth to wash him in the Hellespont, and, being taken with the crampe, was droun'd: and the foolish Chronoclers of that age found it was 'Hero of Cestos.' But these are all lies: men haue died from time to time, and wormes haue eaten them, but not for lone.

Orl. I would not have my right Rosalind of this mind;

for, I protest, her frowne might kill me.

Rof. By this hand, it will not kill a flie! But come, now I will be your Rofalind in a more comming-on disposition; and aske me what you will, I will grant it.

Orl. Then love me, Rosalind!

Ros. Yes, faith, will I, Fridaies, and Saterdaies, and all.

Orl. And wilt thou have me?

Ros. I, and twentie fuch.

Orl. What faiest thou?

Rof. Are you not good?

Orl. I hope fo.

Rosalind. Why then, can one defire too much of a good thing? ¶ Come, fifter, you shall be the Priest, and marrie vs! ¶ Giue me your hand, Orlando! ¶ What doe you say, sister?

Orl. Pray thee, marrie vs!

Cel. I cannot fay the words.

Rof. You must begin: 'Will you, Orlando . . .'

Cel. Goe to! ¶ Wil you, Orlando, haue to wife this Rosalind?'

Orl. I will.

Rof. I, but when?

Orl. Why now; as fast as she can marrie vs.

Rof. Then you must say: 'I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.'

Orl. 'I take thee, Rofalind, for wife.'

Rof. I might aske you for your Commission. But I doe take thee, Orlando, for my husband: there's a girle goes before the Priest! and, certainely, a Womans thought runs before her actions.

Orl. So do all thoughts; they are wing'd.

Rof. Now tell me, how long you would have her, after you have possess ther?

Orl. For euer, and a day!

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Rof. Say, 'a day,' without the 'euer!' No, no, Orlando; men are Aprill when they woe, December when they wed: Maides are May when they are maides, but the sky changes when they are wines. I will bee more lealous of thee, [133] then a Barbary cocke-pidgeon ouer his hen; more clamorous then a Parrat against raine; more new-fangled then an ape, more giddy in my desires then a monkey: I will weepe for nothing, like Diana in the Fountaine, & I will do that [137] when you are dispos'd to be merry; I will laugh like a Hyen, and that when thou art inclin'd to sleepe.

Orl. But will my Rofalind doe so?

Rof. By my life, she will doe as I doe!

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Orl. O, but she is wife!

Ros. Or else shee could not have the wit to doe this: the wiser, the waywarder: make the doores vpon a womans wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and 'twill out at the key-hole; stop that, 'twill slie with the smoake out at the chimney!

Orl. A man that had a wife with fuch a wit, he might fay,

'Wit, whether wil't?'

Roj. Nay, you might keepe that checke for it, till you met your wives wit going to your neighbours bed. 151

Orl. And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Rofa. Marry, to fay, she came to seeke you there. You shall neuer take her without her answer, vnlesse you take her without her tongue. O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husbands occasion, let her neuer nurse her childe her selse, for she will breed it like a soole!

Orl. For these two houres, Rosalinde, I wil leave thee.

Rof. Alas, deere loue, I cannot lacke thee two houres!

Orl. I must attend the Duke at dinner: by two a clock I will be with thee againe.

Rof. I, goe your waies, goe your waies! I knew what you would proue: my friends told mee as much, and I thought no lesse: that flattering tongue of yours wonne me:

¹ wee=wooe.

'tis but one cast away, and so, come, Death! Two o'clocke is your howre? 166

Orl. I, fweet Rosalind.

Rof. 'By my troth,' and 'in good earnest,' and 'so God mend mee,' and by all pretty oathes that are not dangerous, if you breake one iot of your promife, or come one minute behinde your houre, I will thinke you the most patheti- [171 call breake-promife, and the most hollow louer, and the most vnworthy of her you call Rosalinde, that may bee chosen out of the groffe band of the vnfaithfull! therefore beware my cenfure, and keep your promise! 175

Orl. With no leffe religion then if thou wert indeed my

Rosalind! fo, adieu!

Rof. Well, Time is the olde Iustice that examines all such offenders, and let Time try! adieu! $\begin{bmatrix} Exit \ ORLANDO. \ 179 \end{bmatrix}$

Cel. You have fimply mifus'd our fexe in your loue-prate: we must have your doublet and hose pluckt ouer your head, and shew the world what the bird hath done to her owne neast.

Rof. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didft know how many fathome deepe I am in loue! But it cannot bee founded: my affection hath an vnknowne bottome, like the Bay of Portugall.

Cel. Or rather, bottomlesse; that as fast as you poure 189

affection in, it runs out.

Rof. No, that same wicked Bastard of Venus, that was begot of thought, conceiu'd of spleene, and borne of madnesse; that blinde rascally boy, that abuses every ones eyes, because his owne are out, let him bee judge how deepe [193 I am in loue. Ile tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the fight of Orlando: Ile goe finde a shadow, and figh till he come.

Cel. And Ile sleepe.

Exeunt. 197

Actus Quartus. Scena Secunda. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter IAQUES and Lords, like Forresters.

Iaq. Which is he that killed the Deare? A Lord. Sir, it was I. Iaq. Let's prefent him to the Duke, like a puerour! and it would doe well to fet the Dear his head, for a branch of victory. ¶ Haue y Forrefter, for this purpose?	es horns vpor
A Lord. Yes, Sir.	
Iaq. Sing it! 'tis no matter how it bee in tur	ne, io it make
noyfe enough.	9
Muficke.	
A Lord. Song.	
What shall he haue, that kild the Deare?	
His Leather skin, and hornes to weare!	11
[Then fing him home: the rest shall beare	this burthen
Take thou no scorne to weare the horne! It was a crest ere thou wast borne:	7.0
Thy fathers father wore it,	13
And thy father bore it:	
The horne, the horne, the lusty horne,	15
Is not a thing to laugh to scorne!	[Exeunt. 17
2 7 4 I and I Lord F. For Lee in 17	

2, 7. A Lord.] Lord. F. For. | sc. i. p. 17. | Rowe. At l. 6 a Lord is addressed in his assumed character of a forester. See the Entry of Act II. | Printed as part of the song in F.

Actus Quartus. Scæna Tertia. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Rof. How fay you now? Is it not past two a clock? and heere much Orlando!

Cel. I warrant you, with pure loue, & troubled brain, he hath t'ane his bow and arrowes, and is gone forth—to fleepe. Looke, who comes heere?

Enter SILUIUS.

Sil. My errand is to you, faire youth; My gentle Phebe did bid me giue you this: Giues a Letter, I know not the contents; but, as I gueffe, Ros. reads it. By the sterne brow, and waspish action 9 Which she did vse, as she was writing of it, It beares an angry tenure: pardon me! I am but as a guiltlesse messenger. 12 Rof. Patience her felfe would startle at this letter, And play the fwaggerer. Beare this, beare all! Shee faies I am not faire; that I lacke manners; 16 She calls me proud; and that she could not love me Were man as rare as Phenix. Od's my will! Her loue is not the Hare that I doe hunt: Why writes she so to me? Well, Shepheard, well, This is a Letter of your owne denice. 20 Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents: Phebe did write it. Come, come, you are a foole, And turn'd into the extremity of lone! I faw her hand: she has a leatherne hand, 24 A freeftone coloured hand; I verily did thinke That her old gloues were on, but twas her hands. She has a huswives hand; but that's no matter:

I fay, she neuer did inuent this letter;	'28
This is a mans invention, and his hand.	
Sil. Sure, it is hers.	
Ros. Why, tis a boysterous and a cruell stile,	
A stile for challengers; why, she defies me,	32
Like Turke to Christian: vvomens gentle braine	
Could not drop forth fuch giant rude inuention,	
Such Ethiop vvords, blacker in their effect	
Then in their countenance. Will you heare the letter?	36
Sil. So please you, for I neuer heard it yet;	
Yet heard too much of Phebes crueltie.	
Rof. She 'Phebes' me: marke how the tyrant vvrites!	39
[Reads] 'Art thou god to Shepherd turn'd,	
That a maidens heart hath burn'd?'	41
Can a vvoman raile thus?	
Sil. Call you this railing?	
Rof. [Reads] 'Why, thy godhead laid a part,	
War'st thou with a womans heart?'	45
Did you euer heare fuch railing?	
'Whiles the eye of man did wooe me,	
That could do no vengeance to me.'	48
Meaning me, a beaft.	
'If the scorne of your bright eine	
Haue power to raise such love in mine,	51
Alacke, in me, what strange effect	
Would they worke in milde afpect!	5 3
Whiles you chid me, I did loue;	
How then might your praiers move!	55
He that brings this love to thee,	
Little knowes this Loue in me:	57
And by him feale vp thy minde;	
Whether that thy youth and kinde	59
Will the faithfull offer take	бі
Of me, and all that I can make;	01
Or else by him my love denie, And then Ile studie how to die!'	бз
Sil. Call you this chiding?	03
Cel. Alas, poore Shepheard!	
Rof. Doe you pitty him? no, he deserves no pit	Hvl
Wilt thou love fuch a woman? What! to make thee	
IV. iii. 28-67.] 62	۲٠/
14. III. 20-0/.j 02	

an inftrument, and plaie false straines vpon thee! not to be endur'd! Well, goe your way to her, (for I see Loue hath made thee a tame snake,) and say this to her! That if she loue me, I charge her to loue thee; if she will not, I [71 will neuer haue her, vnlesse thou intreat for her. If you bee a true louer. Hence, and not a word! for here comes more company!

Enter OLIUER.

Oliu. Good morrow, faire ones! pray you, (if you know,))
Where, in the Purlews of this Forrest, stands 70	
A fheep-coat, fenc'd about with Oliue-trees?	
Cel. West of this place, down in the neighbor bottom,	
The ranke of Oziers, by the murmuring streame,	
Left on your right hand, brings you to the place.	2
But, at this howre, the house doth keepe it selfe;	
There's none within.	
Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue,	
Then should I know you by description; 84	4
Such garments, and fuch yeeres: 'the boy is faire,	
Of femall fauour, and bestowes himselfe	
Like a ripe fifter: the woman low,	_
And browner then her brother.' Are not you 88	3
The owner of the house I did enquire for?	
Cel. It is no boast, being ask'd, to say we are.	
Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both,	
And, to that youth hee calls his Rofalind,	2
He fends this bloudy napkin. ¶ Are you he?	
Rof. I am: what must we vnderstand by this?	
Oli. Some of my shame; if you will know of me	_
What man I am, and how, and why, and where' 96	5
This handkercher was stain'd.	
Cel. I pray you, tell it!	
Oli. When last the yong Orlando parted from you,	
He left a promife to returne againe	
Within an houre 1; and, pacing through the Forrest,)
Chewing the food of fweet and bitter fancie,	
Loe, vvhat befell! he threw his eye afide,	
And, marke, vvhat obiect did present it selfe!	

Vnder an old Oake, whose bows were moss'd with age, And high top bald with drie antiquitie,	104
A wretched ragged man, ore-growne with haire,	
Lay fleeping on his back: about his necke	
A greene and guilded fnake had wreath'd it felfe,	108
Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd	100
The opening of his mouth; but fodainly,	
Carinar Orden de la realisate de folfo	
Seeing Orlando, it vnlink'd it felfe,	
And, with indented glides, did flip away	112
Into a bush: vnder which bushes shade	
A Lyonnesse, with vdders all drawne drie,	
Lay cowching, head on ground, with catlike watch,	_
When that the fleeping man should stirre; (for 'tis	116
The royall disposition of that beast,	
To prey on nothing that doth feeme as dead:)	
This feene, Orlando did approach the man,	
And found it was his brother, his elder brother.	120
Cel. O, I have heard him speake of that same brother	;
And he did render him the most vnnaturall	
That liu'd amongst men!	
Oli. And well he might so doe,	
For well I know he was vnnaturall.	124
Rof. But, to Orlando! did he leave him there,	
Food to the fuck'd and hungry Lyonnesse?	
Oli. Twice did he turne his backe, and purpos'd fo;	
But kindnesse, nobler euer then reuenge,	128
And Nature, stronger then his iust occasion,	
Made him giue battell to the Lyonnesse,	
Who quickly fell before him; in which hurtling,	
From miserable slumber I awaked.	132
Cel. Are you his brother?	-3-
Rof. Was't you he rescu'd?	
Cel. Was't you that did so oft contriue to kill him?	
Oli. 'Twas I; but 'tis not I: I doe not shame	
To tell you what I was, fince my conversion	136
So fweetly taftes, being the thing I am.	-30
Rof. But, for the bloody napkin?	
Oli. By and by.	
Dy and by.	

When from the first to last, betwixt vs two,
Teares our recountments had most kindely bath'd, 140
As, how I came into that Defert place;
In briefe, he led me to the gentle Duke,
Who gaue me fresh aray, and entertainment,
Committing me vnto my brothers loue;
Who led me instantly vnto his Caue,
There stript himselfe, and heere vpon his arme
The Lyonnesse had torne some flesh away,
Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted,
And cride, in fainting, vpon Rofalinde.
Briefe, I recouer'd him, bound vp his wound;
And, after some small space, being strong at heart,
He fent me hither, stranger as I am,
To tell this story, that you might excuse
His broken promise, and to give this napkin,
Died in this bloud, vnto the Shepheard youth,
That he in fport doth call his Rofalind. [ROSALIND SWOOMS.
Cel. Why, how now, Ganimed! fweet Ganimed!
Oli. Many will fwoon when they do look on bloud.
Cel. There is more in it. ¶ Cosen! Ganimed!
Oli. Looke, he recouers!
Rof. I would I were at home!
Cel. Wee'll lead you thither.
¶ I pray you, will you take him by the arme?
Oli. Be of good cheere, youth! you, a man! You lacke a
mans heart.
Rof. I doe fo, I confesse it. Ah, sirra, a body would thinke
this was well counterfeited! I pray you, tell your brother
Oli. This was not counterfeit; there is too great testimony
in your complexion, that it was a passion of earnest.
Rof. Counterfeit, I affure you!
Oli. Well then, take a good heart, and 'counterfeit' to be
a man!
Rof. So I doe: but, yfaith, I should haue beene a woman
by right.
Cel. Come, you looke paler and paler: pray you, draw
homewards! ¶ Good fir, goe with vs!
THE TAIL

<i>j</i>
Oli. That will I; for I must be are answere backe How you excuse my brother, Rosalind. 178 Ros. I shall deuise something: but, I pray you, commend my counterseiting to him! ¶ Will you goe? [Exeunt.
Actus Quintus. Scena Prima.
The Forrest of Arden.
Enter Clowne and Awdrie.
Clow. We shall finde a time, Awdrie; patience, gentle Awdrie!
Awd. Faith, the Priest was good enough, for all the olde gentlemans saying. Clow. A most wicked Sir Oliver, Awdrie, a most vile Martext! But, Awdrie, there is a youth heere in the Forrest layes claime to you. Awd. I, I know who 'tis; he hath no interest in mee in the world: here comes the man you meane! Clo. It is meat and drinke to me to see a Clowne: by my troth, we that have good wits have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.
Enter WILLIAM.
Will. Good eu'n, Audrey! Aud. God ye good eu'n, William! Will. And good eu'n to you, Sir! [Takes off his hat. 15 Clo. Good eu'n, gentle friend! Couer thy head, couer thy head! Nay, prethee, bee couer'd! How olde are you, Friend?
Will. Fine and twentie, Sir. Clo. A ripe age. Is thy name William?
Will. William, fir.
Clo. A faire name. Was't borne i'th Forrest heere? Will. I, sir, I thanke God! Clo. 'Thanke God!' a good answer. Art rich?
Will. 'Faith, fir, fo, fo. 25
12. Enter William.] F (after l. 9). IV. iii. 177-180; V. i. 1-25.] 66

Clo. 'So, fo,' is good, very good, very excellent good; and yet it is not; it is but fo, fo. Art thou wise?

Will. I, fir, I have a prettie wit.

28

35

Clo. Why, thou faift well. I do now remember a faying: 'The Foole doth thinke he is wife, but the wifeman knowes himselfe to be a Foole.' The Heathen Philosopher, when he had a desire to eate a Grape, would open his lips when he [32 put it into his mouth; meaning thereby, that Grapes were made to eate, and lippes to open. You do loue this maid?

Will. I do, fir.

Clo. Giue me your hand! Art thou Learned?

Will. No, fir.

Clo. Then learne this of me! 'To haue, is to haue.' For it is a figure in Rhetoricke, that drink, being powr'd out of [39 a cup into a glasse, by filling the one, doth empty the other. For all your Writers do consent, that ipse is hee: now, you are not ipse, for I am he.

Will. Which 'he,' fir?

Clo. 'He,' fir, that must marrie this woman. Therefore, you Clowne, abandon, (which is in the vulgar, leaue,) the [45 focietie, (which in the boorish is, companie,) of this female, (which in the common is, woman;) which together is, abandon the society of this Female! or, Clowne, thou perishest; or, to thy better vnderstanding, dyest; or, (to wit) I kill thee, [49 make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy libertie into bondage! I will deale in poyson with thee, or in bastinado, or in steele; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will ore-run thee with policie; I will kill thee a hundred and sifty wayes! therefore tremble, and depart!

Aud. Do, good William!
Will. God reft you merry, fir!

[Exit.

Enter Corin.

Cor. Our Master and Mistresse seeks you; come, away, away!

Clo. Trip, Audry! trip, Audry! ¶ I attend, I attend! 59 [Execunt.

26. Clo.] Cle. F. 35. sir] sit F.	38. of] os F. 53. policie] policy F2. police F.
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Actus Quintus. Scoena Secunda.

Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Orlando & Oliver.

Orl. Is't possible, that, on so little acquaintance, you should like her? that, but seeing, you should loue her? And, louing, woo? and, wooing, she should graunt? And will you perseuer to enjoy her?

Ol. Neither call the giddinesse of it in question, the pouertie of her, the small acquaintance, my sodaine woing, nor her sodaine consenting; but say with mee, I loue Aliena; say with her, that she loues mee; consent with both, that we [8 may enioy each other! it shall be to your good; for my sathers house, and all the renennew that was old Sir Rowlands, will I estate vpon you, and heere line and die a Shepherd.

Orl. You have my confent. Let your Wedding be to morrow! thither will I inuite the Duke, and all's contented followers. Go you, and prepare Aliena; for, looke you, heere comes my Rosalinde!

Enter ROSALIND.

Rof. God faue you, brother!

Ol. And you, faire fifter! [Exit.

Ros. Oh, my deere Orlando, how it greeues me to see thee weare thy heart in a scarfe!

Orl. It is my arme.

Rof. I thought thy heart had beene wounded with the clawes of a Lion.

Orl. 'Wounded' it is, but with the eyes of a Lady. 24
Rof. Did your brother tell you how I counterfeyted to
found, when he shew'd me your handkercher?

Orl. I, and greater wonders then that. 27

Rof. O, I know where you are: nay, tis true: there was neuer any thing so sodaine, but the fight of two Rammes,

woing = wooing.
6. her] Rowe.
16. Enter Rosalind.] F (after l. 12).

and Cefars Thrasonicall bragge of 'I came, saw, and ouercame.' For your brother and my fister no sooner met, [31 but they look'd; no sooner look'd, but they lou'd; no sooner lou'd, but they figh'd; no sooner figh'd, but they ask'd one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedie: and in these degrees have they made [35 a paire of staires to marriage, which they will climbe incontinent, or else bee incontinent before marriage: they are in the verie wrath of loue, and they will together. Clubbes cannot part them.

Orl. They shall be married to morrow; and I will bid the Duke to the Nuptiall. But, O, how bitter a thing it is, to looke into happines through another mans eies! By so much the more shall I to morrow be at the height of heart [43 heauinesse, by how much I shall thinke my brother happie, in

having what he wishes for.

Roj. Why, then, to morrow, I cannot ferue your turne for Rojalind?

Orl. I can line no longer by thinking.

Rof. I will wearie you, then, no longer with idle talking. Know of me, then, (for now I speake to some purpose,) that I know you are a Gentleman of good conceit: I speake not this, that you should beare a good opinion of my know- [52 ledge, infomuch I fay I know you are; neither do I labor for a greater esteeme then may in some little measure draw a beleefe from you, to do your felfe good, and not to grace me. Beleeue, then, if you please, that I can do strange things: [56] I have, fince I was three yeare olde, converft with a Magitian, most profound in his Art, and yet not damnable. If you do loue Rosalinde so neere the hart as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, shall you marrie her. [60 I know into what straights of Fortune she is driven; and it is not impossible to me, if it appeare not inconvenient to you, to fet her before your eyes to morrow, humane as she is, and without any danger.

Orl. Speak'ft thou in fober meanings?

Rof. By my life, I do! which I tender deerly, though I fay I am a Magitian. Therefore, put you in your best aray;

bid your friends! for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall; and to Rosalind, if you will.

Enter SILUIUS & PHEBE.

Looke, here comes a Louer of mine, and a louer of hers. Phe. Youth, you have done me much vngentlenesse,	
To shew the letter that I writ to you.	
Rof. I care not, if I have: it is my studie,	73
To feeme despightfull and vngentle to you:	13
You are there followed by a faithful shepheard;	
Looke vpon him, loue him! he worships you.	
Phe. Good shepheard, tell this youth what 'tis to loue'	
Sil. It is to be all made of fighes and teares;	. //
And so am I for Phebe!	
Phe. And I for Ganimed!	
Onl And I for Defaling!	81
Orl. And I for Rofalind!	01
Rof. And I for no woman!	
Sil. It is to be all made of faith and feruice; And fo am I for Phebe!	
	0.4
Phe. And I for Ganimed!	85
Orl. And I for Rofalind!	
Rof. And I for no woman!	
Sil. It is to be all made of fantasie,	_
All made of passion, and all made of wishes;	89
All adoration, dutie, and observance,1	
All humblenesse, all patience, and impatience,	
All puritie, all triall, all observance; 2	
And fo am I for Phebe!	93
Phe. And so am I for Ganimed!	
Orl. And so am I for Rosalind!	
Rof. And so am I for no woman!	96
Phe. [to Ros.] If this be fo, why blame you me to loue	you ?
Sil. [to PHE.] If this be fo, why blame you me to loue	you i
Orl. If this be so, why blame you me to loue you?	_
Rof. Who do you speake to, 'Why blame you mee to	loue
you?'	101

¹ So F. obedience Dyce (Collier | obeisance Ritson conj.
MS.).
2 So F. obedience Malone conj. | 100. Who] Rowe. Why F.
100. speake to] speake too F.

Orl. To her, that is not heere, nor doth not heare.

Rof. Pray you, no more of this! 'tis like the howling of Irish Wolues against the Moone. [To SIL.] I will helpe you, if I can: [to PHE.] I would loue you, if I could. To morrow meet me altogether! [To PHE.] I wil marrie you, [106 if euer I marrie Woman, and Ile be married to morrow: [to ORL.] I will fatisfie you, if euer I fatisfi'd man, and you shall bee married to morrow: [to SIL.] I will content you, if what pleases you contents you, and you shal be married [110 to morrow. [To ORL.] As you loue Rosalind, meet! [to SIL.] as you loue Phebe, meet! and as I loue no woman, Ile meet. So fare you wel! I haue left you commands.

Sil. Ile not faile, if I liue!

Phe.

Orl.

Nor I! [Exeunt. 114

Actus Quintus. Scoena Tertia.

Nor I!

Another part of the Forrest.

Enter Clowne and AUDREY.

Clo. To morrow is the ioyfull day, Audrey; to morrow will we be married.

Aud. I do defire it with all my heart; and I hope it is no dishonest defire, to defire to be a woman of your world. Heere come two of the banish'd Dukes Pages!

Enter two Pages.

1. Pa. Wel met, honest Gentleman!

Clo. By my troth, well met! Come, fit, fit, and a fong!

2. Pa. We are for you: fit i'th middle!

r. Pa. Shal we clap into troundly, without hauking, or fpitting, or faying we are hoarse? which are the onely prologues to a bad voice.

2. Pa. I faith, y'faith! and both in a tune, like two gipfies on a horfe.

Song.

It was a Louer, and his laffe,	
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,	
That o're the greene corne feild did paffe,	10
In the spring time, the onely pretty ring time,	
When Birds do fing, hey ding a ding, ding:	
Sweet Louers love the Spring.	19
Betweene the acres of the Rie,	
With a hey, and a ho, & a hey nonino,	
These prettie Country folks would lie,	22
In spring time, &c.	
This Carroll they began that houre,	
With a hey and a ho, & a hey nonino,	
How that a life was but a Flower	26
In spring time, &c.	
And therefore take the present time! 1	
With a hey, & a ho, and a hey nonino,	
For Loue is crowned with the prime	30
In spring time, &c.	5
01 0	

Clo. Truly, yong Gentlemen, though there vvas no great matter in the dittie, yet ye note was very vutunable.

1. Pa. You are deceiu'd, Sir; we kept time, we loft not

our time!

Clo. By my troth, yes! I count it but time loft, to heare fuch a foolish fong. God buy 2 you! and God mend your voices! ¶ Come, Audrie! [Exeunt. 38]

^{17.} ring] Edinburgh MS., and printed as the second stanza in F. Steevens conj. rang F.

1 And therefore . . . prime is

Actus Quintus. Scena Quarta. Another part of the Forrest.

Enter	Duke	Senior,	Amyens,	IAQUES,	Orlando,	Oliver,
			Cet.	TA.		

Du. Sen. Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy 1 Can do all this that he hath promifed? Orl. I fometimes do beleeue, and fomtimes do not; As those that seare they hope, and know they seare. 4

Enter Rosalinde, Siluius, & Phebe.

Ros. Patience once more, whiles our compact is vrg'd! [To DUKE] You fay, if I bring in your Rofalinde, You wil bestow her on Orlando heere?

Du. Se. That would I, had I kingdoms to give with hir! 8 Rof. [to ORL.] And you fay, you wil have her, when I bring hir?

Orl. That would I, were I of all kingdomes King! Rof. [to PHE.] You fay, you'l marrie me, if I be willing? Phe. That will I, should I die the houre after! 12 Rof. But, if you do refuse to marrie me,

You'l giue your felfe to this most faithfull Shepheard? Phe. So is the bargaine. Rof. [to SIL.] You fay, that you'l have Phebe, if the will? Sil. Though to have her and death, were both one thing!

Rof. I have promis'd to make all this matter even. Keepe you your word, O Duke, to give your daughter! ¶ You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter! ¶ Keepe you your word, Phebe, that you'l marrie me,

Or else, resusing me, to wed this Shepheard! ¶ Keepe your word, Siluius, that you'l marrie her, If the refuse me! and from hence I go, To make these doubts all euen. [Excunt Ros. and Celia.

Du. Sen. I do remember, in this shepheard boy, Some liuely touches of my daughters fauour.

20

24

Orl. My Lord, the first time that I euer saw him,	28
Me thought he was a brother to your daughter:	
But, my good Lord, this Boy is Forrest borne;	
And hath bin tutor'd, in the rudiments	
Of many desperate studies, by his vnckle,	32
Whom he reports to be a great Magitian,	_
Obscured in the circle of this Forrest	

Enter Clowne and AUDREY.

Iaq. There is, fure, another flood toward, and these couples are comming to the Arke. Here comes a payre of verie strange beasts, which, in all tongues, are call'd Fooles.

Clo. Salutation and greeting to you all!

Iaq. Good my Lord, bid him welcome! This is the Motley-minded Gentleman, that I have so often met in the Forrest he hath bin a Courtier, he sweares.

Clo. If any man doubt that, let him put mee to my purgation! I have trod a measure; I have flattred a Lady; I have bin politicke with my friend, smooth with mine enemie; I have vndone three Tailors; I have had foure quarrels, and like to have fought one.

46

Iaq. And how was that tane vp?

Clo. 'Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was vpon the feuenth cause.

Iaq. How 'feuenth cause'? ¶ Good my Lord, like this fellow!

Du. Se. I like him very well.

Clo. God'ild you, fir! I desire you of the like. I presse in heere, fir, amongst the rest of the Country copulatiues, to sweare and to forsweare; according as mariage binds and blood breakes: a poore virgin, fir, an il-fauor'd thing, [56 sir, but mine owne; a poore bumour of mine, sir, to take that that no man else will: rich honestie dwels like a miser, sir, in a poore house, as your Pearle in your soule oyster.

Du. Se. By my faith, he is very swift, and sententious. 60 Clo. According to the 'fooles bolt,' fir, and such dulcet diseases.

^{29.} daughter] daughrer F.

^{34.} Enter . . .] F (after L 33).

Iaq. But, for the feuenth cause! How did you finde the quarrell on the seuenth cause?

Clo. Vpon a lye, seuen times remoued: (¶Beare your bodie more seeming, Audry!) ¶as thus, sir. I did dislike the cut of a certaine Courtiers beard: he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, hee was in the minde it was: [68 this is call'd the Retort Courteous. If I sent him word againe, 'it was not well cut,' he wold send me word, he cut it to please himselfe: this is call'd the Quip Modest. If againe, 'it was not well cut,' he disabled my indgment: [72 this is called the Reply Churlish. If againe, 'it was not well cut,' he would answer, I spake not true: this is call'd the Reproofe Valiant. If againe, 'it was not well cut,' he wold say, I lie: this is call'd the Counter-checke Quarrelsome: and so to the Lye Circumstantiall, and the Lye Direct. 77

Iaq. And how oft did you fay, his beard was not well cut? Clo. I durst go no further then the Lye Circumstantial, nor he durst not giue me the Lye Direct; and so wee measur'd swords, and parted.
81

Iaq. Can you nominate in order now, the degrees of the lye.

Clo. O fir, we quarrel 'in print,' by the booke; as you have bookes for good manners: I will name you the [85 degrees. The first, the Retort Courteous; the second, the Quip Modest; the third, the Reply Churlish; the fourth, the Reproofe Valiant; the fift, the Counterchecke Quarrelsome; the fixt, the Lye with Circumstance; the seauenth, the [89 Lye Direct. All these you may avoyd, but the Lye Direct; and you may avoide that too, with an 'If'. I knew when seuen Iustices could not take vp a Quarrell, but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of [93 an 'If'; as, 'If you saide so, then I saide so; 'and they shooke hands, and swore brothers. Your 'If' is the onely peacemaker; much vertue in 'If'.

Iaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my Lord? He's as good at

any thing, and yet a foole.

Du. Se. He vses his folly like a stalking-horse, and, vnder the presentation of that, he shoots his wit.

Enter Hymen, Rosalind, and Celia.

Still Musicke.

Hymen. Then is there mirth in heaven,	
When earthly things made eauen	
Attone together.	103
Good Duke, receive thy daughter!	•
Hymen from Heauen brought her,	
(Yea, brought her hether,)	100
That thou might ft ioyne hir hand with his,	
Whose heart within his bosome is.	108
Rof. [to DUKE.] To you I give my felfe, for I am you	ırs!
[To ORL.] To you I give my felfe, for I am yours!	
Du. Se. If there be truth in fight, you are my daught	er!
Orl. If there be truth in fight, you are my Rofalind!	112
Phe. If fight & shape be true,	
Why, then, my loue, adieu!	114
Rof. [To DUKE.] Ile haue no Father, if you be not he	: '
[To ORL.] Ile haue no Husband, if you be not he:	
[To PHE.] Nor ne're wed woman, if you be not shee.	117
Hy. Peace, hoa! I barre confusion:	•
'Tis I must make conclusion	
Of these most strange events:	120
Here's eight that must take hands,	
To ioyne in Hymens bands,	
If truth holds true contents.	123
[To ORL. and Ros.] You and you, no crosse shall part:	•
[To OLI. and CEL.] You and you, are hart in hart:	125
[To PHE.] You, to his love must accord,	_
Or haue a Woman to your Lord:	127
[To CLO. and AUD.] You and you, are fure together,	
As the Winter to fowle Weather.	129
Whiles a Wedlocke Hymne we fing,	-
Feede your felues with questioning;	131
That reason, wonder may diminish	-
How thus we met, and these things finish!	133

Song.

Wedding is great lunos crowne: O bleffed bond of boord and bea!	134
'Tis Hymen peoples euerie towne, High wedlock then be honorëd! Honor, high honor and renowne, To Hymen, God of euerie Towne!	137 139
Du. Se. O my deere Neece, welcome thou art to me! Euen, daughter, welcome, in no lesse degree! Phe. [to Sir.] I wil not eate my word: now thou art many that the same of the	141 nine; 143
Enter IAQUES DE BOYS, ORLANDOS Second Brother	
2. Bro. Let me haue andience for a word or two! I am the fecond fonne of old Sir Rowland, That bring these tidings to this faire assembly. Duke Frederick, hearing how that euerie day Men of great worth resorted to this Forrest, Addrest a mightie power; which were on foote, In his owne conduct, purposely to take His brother heere, and put him to the sword: And to the skirts of this wilde Wood he came; Where, meeting with an old Religious man, After some question with him, was conuerted, Both from his enterprize, and from the world; His crowne bequeathing to his banish'd Brother, And all their Lands restor'd to them againe, That were with him exil'd. This to be true,	147 151 155
I do engage my life. Du. Se. Welcome, yong man! Thou offer'ff fairely to thy brothers wedding: To one, his lands with-held; and to the other,	159
A land it felfe at large, a potent Dukedome. First, in this Forrest, let vs do those ends That heere vvere well begun, and wel begot: And after, euery of this happie number That haue endur'd shrew'd daies and nights with vs,	163
157. them Rowe, him F. 164. aniere] weete B	7.

Shal share the good of our returned fortune,	167
According to the measure of their states.	
Meane time, forget this new-falne dignitie,	
And fall into our Rusticke Reuelrie!	170
¶ Play, Musicke! ¶ And you, Brides and Bride-groomes	all,
With measure heap'd in ioy, to'th Measures fall!	172
Iaq. [to IAQ. DE B.] Sir, by your patience! If I he	eard
you rightly,	
The Duke hath put on a Religious life,	
And throwne into neglect the pompous Court?	
2. Bro. He hath.	176
Iaq. To him will I: out of these convertites,	•
There is much matter to be heard, and learn'd.	
[To DUKE] You, to your former Honor, I bequeath;	
Your patience, and your vertue, well deserues it.	180
[To ORL.] You, to a loue, that your true faith doth merit	
[To OLI.] You, to your land, and loue, and great allies:	•
[70 SIL.] You, to a long, and well-deferued bed:	
[To Clo.] And you to wrangling; for thy louing voyage	T 8 4
Is but for two moneths victuall'd. So, to your pleasures!	1
I am for other, then for dancing measures.	186
	100
Du. Se. Stay, Iaques, stay!	
Iaq. To fee no pastime, I: what you would have,	
Ile stay to know at your abandon'd caue. [Exit.	189
Du. Se. Proceed, proceed! wee'l begin these rights,	
As we do trust they'l end, in true delights. [A dance.	191

EPILOGUE.

Rof. It is not the fashion to see the Ladie the Epilogue; but it is no more vnhandsome then to see the Lord the Prologue. If it be true, that 'good wine needs no bush,' 'tis true, that a good play needes no Epilogue: yet to good [195] wine they do vse good bushes; and good playes proue the better by the helpe of good Epilogues. What a case am I in, then, that am neither a good Epilogue, nor cannot infinuate with you in the behalfe of a good play! I am not [199] furnish'd like a Begger, therefore to begge will not become

^{167.} share] share F.

^{191.} A dance.] Exit. F.

mee. My way is, to coniure you; and Ile begin with the Women. I charge you (O women) for the loue you beare to men, to like as much of this Play as please 1 you! And [223 I charge you (O men) for the loue you beare to women, (as I perceiue by your simpring, none of you hates them,) that betweene you, and the women, the play may please! If I were a Woman, I would kiffe as many of you as had [207 beards that pleas'd me, complexions that lik'd me, and breaths that I desi'de not: And, I am sure, as many as haue good beards, or good faces, or sweet breaths, will, for my kind offer, when I make curt'sie, bid me farewell! [Exeunt. 211]

211. Exeunt.] F2. Exit. F. 1 please == may please.

FINIS."

NOTES.

p. 8, I. ii. 91. 'Sport' ! of what colour? Celia ridicules Le Beus pronunciation of sport as spot.

p. 23, II. iv. 35. Wearing = Wearying.
p. 25, II. v 16. stanzo. 'Tiercet: m. A Song of triple Stanzoes, or

Stanzo of three verses.'-1611. Cotgrave.

p. 26, II. v. 48. Ducdame. 'Welshman,' a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette (Sept. 5, 1883, p. 2), wrote: . . 'when Amiens asks, "What's that ducdame?" the dramatist at once sets Jaques into the cunning of the scene, by replying, "'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle." Now, in point of fact, Taques was but verbally repeating the self-same invitation which in the song he was parodying had been twice given in the vernacular, "Come hither, come hither"—"An' if he will come to me." For the "Greek" rendering which accompanied it was good honest Welsh-as nearly as the Saxon tongue could frame it. Its exact Cambrian equivalent is, "Detwich (gy) da mi," "Come with (or to) me." It is jargon no longer. In early times the Sasuach, no doubt, often heard this "challenge" ("Come if you dare") shouted to him by the Cymri from the hill-top or the embattled crag. Hence it was perpetuated in the mimic warfare of their children's games. So that, instead of being the "jargon" it has been assumed to be, it had a distinct historic raison d'être.'

The Pall Mall Gazette for Sept. 10, 1883, p. 3, has the following communication from Professor Dowden: Among conjectures as to ducdame, I should be glad to let a conjecture of my own take its chance. Jaques has all day avoided the Duke; Amiens tells him the Duke is coming to drink under this tree, but he is "too disputable" for Jaques's company. Jaques's song ridicules the folly of the Duke's followers in Arden. What is the Folio's ducdame but the French duc damné, damned duke? It is "an invocation to call fools into a circle," because the Duke has gathered his followers around him in Arden, and presently they will encircle this tree. It is a "Greek invocation" because it is not Greek, nor Welsh either, but French, the speech of Arden. Jaques will sleep if he can; if he cannot, he will rail at the "first-born of Egypt. Why first-born? Because duke senior, the elder brother, is at present the object of Jaques's spleen.

Notes.

p. 29, II. vii. 55. Seeme senselesse of the bob. Theobald supplied Not to before seem. Dyce (Collier MS.) read But to seem. Dr. Ingleby thus explains Il. 53-57: 'Why does a fool do wisely in hitting a wise man? Because, through the vantage of his folly, he puts the wise man "in a straight betwixt two": to put up with the smart of the bob, without dissembling, and the consequential awkwardness of having to do so-which makes him feel foolish enough-or, to put up with the smart, and dissemble it, which entails the secondary awkwardness of the dissimulation-which makes him feel still more foolish. Taking the former alternative, i. e. "If not" ("If he do not"), his "folly is anatomized even by the squandering glances of the fool"; taking the latter alternative, he makes a fool of himself in the eyes of almost everybody else. So the fool gets the advantage both ways.'—Shakespeare Hermeneutics, 1875, pp. 81, 82. We understand Jaques to mean that a wise man, being (wisely, i.e. cleverly) bit, must (really like a fool) pretend it is no hit at all, but turn it off as a joke; otherwise, his folly would be at once apparent to all onlookers: the Fool would have made a fool of him. From 'And why' to 'bob' might be left out, so far as the argument is concerned. The wise man's object is to prevent his folly being made apparent to every one by the Fool. He therefore must laugh (and is thus a fool) when the Fool (then a wise man) does hit his folly. p. 39, III. ii. 186. a South-sea of discouerie. For of Warburton read

p. 39, III. ii. 186. a South-sea of discouerie. For of Warburton read off, i. e. from. But Rosalind compares the multitude of questions which Celia must answer to the vast South Sea, that offers the

widest range of discovery to explorers.

p. 55, IV. i. 29. We follow F2 in placing Jaques's exit here, believing, with Mr. Grant White, that Jaques flies the inevitable lovers' talk; and Rosalind mocks him till he is out of sight, pretending the while not to see Orlando, whose delay has piqued her.

p. 73, V. iv. 4. As those that feare they hope, and know they feare.

That is: as those to whom fear suggests that they have nothing but hope to rely on, while they have distinct and abiding consciousness of fear.

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